Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 6. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, JULY 11, 1861. NO. 23.

MEDICAL AND CHEMICAL

REFORM.

ADVICE FREE.

New-York Benevolent Infirmary,

ESTABLISHED 1850,

And devoted to *The Cause of Medical Reform*; to the *Diffusion of Medical Knowledge for the Prevention of Disease*, and to the relief of those suffering and afflicted with Chronic and Virulent Disorders. To this end this Infirmary is endowed, to enable the sick and suffering throughout the length and breadth of our land, to avoid the *Poisonous Drugs, Extortion*, and *Ignorance of professed Physicians*, through which thousands and tens of thousands annually perish.

The following are some of the diseases we cure, not only at the Infirmary but in all parts of our country:

Consumption and Pulmonary Complaints, Fevers, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Eye and Ear Disease, Cancers and other Tumors, Jaundice and Liver Complaint, Seminal Weakness, and all diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, from whatever cause or whatever nature. Our object will be to give joy to the afflicted by effecting in all cases a speedy cure.

Our rule is to charge nothing for advice and written prescriptions; but will furnish when requested the very best medicines at the lowest rates.

These remedies are prepared in our own Laboratory, under the care of able Chemists, and are the most reliable known to science, including all the recent discoveries.

To all addressing us by letter, containing full account of symptoms and appearances of disease, age, occupation, &c., we will write a candid reply, with advice and directions for cure. Any fees sent us when sending for advice will be devoted to furnishing medicine for the poor. In all cases medicine can be sent by mail or express if desired. Send for one or more of our works and judge for yourselves.

Also published at the Infirmary, to aid these objects,

THE FAMILY PHYSICIAN,

Containing simple remedies easily obtained for the cure of Diseases in all its forms, with full explanations of the cases, symptoms, diet, bathing and exercise. Price 50 cts.

THE LADIES' MEDICAL FRIEND,

AND THE PHYSIOLOGY OF MARRIAGE.

A work on the cause, symptoms and treatment of all complaints peculiar to the sex, on marriage, its duties, abortion and its results, on Children, their ills, and on the prevention of conception, with Invaluable Instructions to them on subjects of a private nature. Price 25 cents.

The Gentlemen's Medical Companion,

AND PRIVATE ADVISER.

A book for the old and young, embracing the Pathology, Prevention and Cure of all Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, and a warning voice of advice and counsel, such as to be found in no other work. Price 25 cents.

THE GUIDE AND GUARD

FOR EVERY ONE.

It exposes all the Humbugs, and the various Tricks to entice the sick and well. It illustrates the plans of the Quacks and Rogues to dupe every one. It guides the unwary through life, and shows up every swindle of the age. It shows how all kinds of Food, Medicines, Liquors and Goods are adulterated, with the means of detecting the frauds. Price 25 cents.

THE HOUSEHOLD AND FARM,

PLANTATION AND SHOP.

For every family, having over 1000 receipts on Cooking, Preserving, Dyeing, Cleaning, &c. How to plant and what is the best to raise. How to cure animals, advice to housekeepers, farmers and mechanics, on 1000 subjects of interest. Price 25 cents. Worth $10 to any one.

THE CONSUMPTIVES BOOK.

For those who wish to get well from that awful disease, a full description of all the remedies used for it, with a careful statement of the results, and other useful information. Price 10 cents.

The information in them is not to be found in any works published, nor obtainable from any other source. These books are published on fine white paper, and beautifully bound.

Any of the above works will be mailed free, on receipt of price, in stamps, or money; or the whole in a handsomely bound volume for ONE DOLLAR. No family should be without them. They are illustrated with beautiful engravings, and contain the condensed experience of years.

AGENTS WANTED for the above works, who can make $150 a month. Send for a circular for agents.

To the young of both sexes suffering from secret habits; prostration of mind; loss of power; nervous debility; loss of sight; wakefulness; love of solitude; eruptions on the face, &c., &c. *Send before it is too late*; before you suffer incurable damage to both body and mind.

To Females who want *safe, pleasant* and *sure* remedies for Irregularities, Obstructions, Whites, &c., send to us.

PREVENTIVE.

We are convinced that there are many parents of scrofulous, consumptive and diseased condition to whom a numerous offspring only brings suffering and poverty. To such we would say write, and we will send information of a sure, well-tested, and never-failing PREVENTIVE.

We will mail free, to any one applying for it.

THE JOURNAL OF MEDICAL REFORM.

It is a large and beautiful paper, and contains the most valuable information on Spermatorhœa, or Seminal Weakness. The cause, effects and cure, showing the awful effects of the disease,

On all other diseases of the Sexual Organs, a full explanation of the origin of Syphilis, the means of prevention and cure.

On Consumption, that fearful disease.
On the Liver, Heart, Stomach and Skin.
On Female Complaints.
On the various Schools of Medicines.
On the modes of Treatment now practised.
On the False Treatment of Diseases.
On the various Medical Humbugs.
On the Physiology of Marriage.
On the Common sense of Medicine.
On Diet, Exercises, and Ablution.
How the Physician should be.
How to prevent Pregnancy.
And many other things. SEND FOR IT.

This journal should be in the hands of every one.

J. RUSSELL M. D., A. M., Chief Physician. S. S. MORRIS, Surgeon. Dr. J. BOYLE, Chemist.

Office in New York, 154 Chambers street.
Office in Williamsburgh, South 8th and 5th streets.

Correspondents will please enclose two or three stamps for return postage, and address

DR. A. BERNEY, Secretary,
(Box 141.) Williamsburg, New York.
Nov. 15, 1860.-1y

BEAUMAN'S

POCO METALIC PAINT,

EQUAL TO RED LEAD AND 75 per cent. cheaper—stands 300 degrees heat—warranted water proof and will neither fade nor wash. For

STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES, GAS HOLDERS, RAIL ROAD BRIDGES AND CARS, PLASTER, IRON AND BRICK FRONTS, TIN ROOFS, HOUSES, BARNS, FENCES, WAGONS, SHIP DECKS, PLUMBERS' JOINTS, IRON FOUNDERS PATTERNS, &c., &c., &c.

For graining and staining equal to Turkish Umber.

COLORS are Umber, Brown Lake, Olive Indian Red and Black.

☞ One responsible agent wanted in every town and city in the United States. Terms accommodating. For Circulars, &c., apply to or address

WM. L. HOUPT,
March 21-6m. No. 132 N. 4th street, Philadelphia.

CONFECTIONERY

AND OYSTER SALOON.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that his CONFECTIONERY, NUT and FRUIT STORE, is always supplied with the very best articles to be had, and in great variety. He has also an

OYSTER SALOON

attached to his store, in which he will serve up PRIME OYSTERS, in all styles.

He is at all times prepared to supply cakes, candies, &c., for picnics and other parties. He invites a share of public patronage, believing that he can render full satisfaction to all.

Remember, his store and saloon is on Virginia street, two doors below Patton's Hall. OTTO ROSSI.

The Bodugger.

This wonderful article, just patented, is something entirely new, and never before offered to agents, who are wanted everywhere. Full particulars sent *free*. Address

Mar 7-1yis SHAW & CLARK, Biddleford, Maine.

BLANKS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS neatly and expeditiously executed at this office.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW, AN EXPERIENCED NURSE AND FEMALE PHYSICIAN, presents to the attention of mothers her

SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflamation, will allay pain and spasmodic action, and is *sure to regulate the Bowels*.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and Relief and Health to you Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say, in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed, in a single instance, to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak of this matter "what we do know," after ten years' experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New England, and has been used with never-failing success in *thousands of cases*.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve *Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic*, and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it the *best* and *surest remedy* in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.—We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—do not let your prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world, and by G. W. Keesler and A. Booth, druggists, Altoona. Price 25 cents per bottle.

☞ Principal Office, No. 13 Cedar street, N. Y.
July 12, 1860-1y.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING

MACHINES.

Wheeler & Wilson's — Wheeler & Wilson's

R. A. O. KERR,

ALTOONA, PA.,

Agent for Blair County.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

THESE MACHINES ARE ADMITTED to be the best ever offered to the public, and their superiority is satisfactorily established by the fact that in the last eight years,

Over 14,000 More

of these Machines have been sold than of any other manufactured, and more medals have been awarded the proprietors by different Fairs and Institutes than to any others. The Machines are warranted to do all that is claimed for them. They are now in use in several families in Altoona, and in every case they give entire satisfaction.

The Agent refers those desiring information as to superiority of the Machines, to Col. John L. Piper, Rev. A. B. Clark, George Hawkesworth, Benj. F. Rose, and E. H. Turner, Esqrs.

The machines can be seen and examined at the Store of the Agent, at Altoona.

Price of No. 1 Machine, silver plated, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$55. No. 2, ornamental bronze, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$65. No. 3, plain, with old style Hemmer—$45. [March 21, 1861-tf.

Iron City College

$35,00

Pays the entire cost for Tuition in the most popular and successful Commercial School in the Country. Upward of twelve hundred young men from twenty-eight different States, have been educated for [illegible] here within the past three years, some of whom [illegible] been employed as Book Keepers at salaries of

$2000,00 per Annum,

immediately upon graduating, who knew nothing of accounts when they entered the College.

☞ Minister's sons half price. Students enter at any time, and review when they please, without extra charge.

For Catalogue of 84 pages, Specimens of Prof. Cowley's Business and Ornamental Penmanship, and a large engraving of the College, inclose twenty-five cents in Postage Stamps to the Principals.

JENKINS & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Altoona, Jan. 24, '61-1y.

VALLADE & STEWART

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the public that they have fitted up a neat

PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY,

On Corner of Caroline & Virginia Sts., Altoona, Pa.,

where they are prepared to take the best PHOTOGRAPHS ever taken in this part of the country, and on the most reasonable terms. We make any kind of a picture from a SMALL AMBROTYPE up to LIFE-SIZE PHOTOGRAPH, painted in *Oil, Water Color or India Ink*, and also the MINIATURE. Every type and large size Oil Painting on Canvas. *Entire satisfaction given or no charge.* We have also on hand a large assortment of fine GILT FRAMES of different sizes and prices.

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our specimens before going elsewhere.

☞ Remember the place, *Figart's Building*, corner of Caroline and Virginia Streets. [April 16, 1861.-3m

GLEN-ECHO MILLS,

GERMANTOWN, PA.

McCALLUM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Carpeting, Druggets, Oil Cloths,

MATTINGS, &C.

WAREHOUSE, No 500 CHESTNUT STREET, (opposite the State House,) PHILADELPHIA. [mar21,'61-1y.

THOMAS V. RHOADS,.....CHARLES SAILOR.

REVERE HOUSE,

(LATE EAGLE HOTEL,)

Third Street, above Rec,

PHILADELPHIA.

RHOADS & SAILOR, Proprietors.

TERMS, $1.25 PER DAY.

March 7, 1861-1y

LINCOLN, WOOD & NICHOLS,

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF

STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS,

Silk Bonnets, French Flowers,

Panama, Palm Leaf, Leghorn and Straw Hats,

No. 725 Chestnut Street,

AND 721 LEDGE STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

March 28.-3m

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

E. B. McCRUM,.....H. C. DERN,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,)..... $1.50
All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion	2 do.	3 do.
Four lines or less	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
One square, (8 lines)	50	75	1 00
Two " (16 ")	1 00	1 50	2 00
Three " (24 ")	1 50	2 00	2 50

Over three weeks and less than three months, 25 cents per square for each insertion.

	3 months.	6 months.	1 year.
Six lines or less	$ 1 50	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
One square	2 50	4 00	7 00
Two "	4 00	6 00	10 00
Three "	5 00	8 00	12 00
Four "	6 00	10 00	14 00
Half a column	10 00	14 00	20 00
One column	14 00	25 00	40 00
Administrators and Executors Notices			1 75
Merchants advertising by the year, three squares, with liberty to change,			10 00
Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 8 lines with paper, per year			5 00

Communications of a political character or individual interest will be charged according to the above rates.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to the above terms.

Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.

Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square

Select Miscellany.

BALLS, SHELLS AND BOMBS.

HOW THEY ARE MADE.

The Watervleit Arsenal, situated at West Troy, New York, is, as you doubtless know, the largest arsenal for the construction and fabrication of military implements, other than small arms and cannon, in the country, and a visit to its workshops at the present time powerfully impresses one with the strength and resources of our Government. Everything is at present on a war footing, and from three to four hundred hands directly, and as many more indirectly, in the neighboring foundaries, are kept busy night and day. A large number of hands are engaged in the preparation of ammunition; sixty thousand ball cartridges are made daily; most of these are intended for the Minnie rifle, but large numbers of the old-fashioned round ball cartridges are also manufactured. The rapidity with which a cartridge is made is wonderful. A boy sits at a counter with a cylindrical stick—a pile of greased balls and one of prepared paper before him—a simple roll of the paper and stick—a jerk and twist at one end—a twist of a string, and the cartridge is ready for filling in less time than it takes to read this description. They are then taken into another room, placed open end up in shallow boxes, and a man, by means of a simple instrument, fills them with an equal and specific amount of powder, at the rate of thirty a minute. A twist at the open end, and the cartridge is complete.—The manufacture goes so fast that it requires nearly a dozen men and boys to pack and move the finished cartridges.—In another department a number of men and girls are employed in the manufacture of cannon cartridges of all sizes, from the mightiest columbiad down to a six-pounder. The material of which they are made is a kind of woolen goods (morceu) imported from England especially for the purpose. Thousands of yards of this material were in process of being cut up and manufactured. Cannon cartridges are not filled here, but at the place where they are intended to be used. In still another department grape, canister and strapped ammunition are in course of preparation, while huge cart loads of bomb-shells and spherical shot are hourly arriving from the neighboring founderies. The grape shot are larger than I supposed, and might more properly be called peach shot than grape shot. Some six or more of those are packed in a sort of wire cork-screw arrangement, and fitted into a tin case, and when thus finished have much the appearance of jars of preserved meats or fruit.

The manufacture of bomb-shells is also a matter of much interest. The preparation of those I witnessed is briefly as follows:—The shell is first filled full of old-fashioned round leaden bullets, melted sulphur is then poured in to fill up the interstices and bind the bullets in one solid mass; the shell is then put into a kind of [illegible], and a cylindrical hole of the exact size of the orifice of the shell is bored through the bullets and sulphur; this cavity is filled with powder, even with the interior edge of the orifice, a six inch shell of the kind here described holding about half a pound; the fuse fitted into the orifice, is a recent Belgian invention, made of pewter, and resembles the screw-cap used for the patent fruit cans. An examination of this pewter cap shows, however, that it is made of two hollow disc of metal screwed together and filled with meal powder; a number of fine holes are drilled in the lower disc, while the outer disc is entire, and marked with figures in a circle, 1. 2, 3, 4. In this state the shell is weather and water proof. When taken for use the gunner by means of a small steel instrument scoops out a portion of the outer soft metal surface, and lays bare the charge of composition powder below it. If the shell is desired to explode in one second after leaving the gun, the scooping is made on the figure one; if in two seconds, on the figure two and so on; the idea being that the shells of this description shall first strike the object aimed at and do execution as a ball, and then explode, sending the bullets forward as if from another cannon located at the precise point where the flight of the shell is arrested.—Large shells of eight or ten inches, are filled with powder only, and bursting do execution by means of their fragments.—These large shells are generally fired by means of a fuse of meal powder extending through a brass plug screwed into the mouth of the shell; in both cases the fuse is fired by ignition of the charge in the gun.

JOAN OF ARC IN THE WEST.

At a flag raising at North Plato, Kane county, Illinois, after the Stars and Stripes had been duly hoisted, the assembly adjourned to the village church, where some speeches were made by patriotic gentlemen, and an opportunity was offered for young men to come forward and enlist—the company at Plato not being quite filled. Not a man went up. This aroused the patriotism, as well as the "dander" of the village school-mistress, who, with many other ladies, was present, and she walked boldly forward to the Secretary's desk and headed the muster-roll with a name rendered illustrious as having been affixed to the Declaration of Independence, with the pre-nomen Mary. She was followed by another lady—and lo! and behold! the Plato company was not long in filling its ranks! The muster-roll, bearing the names of the spirited young vivandiers, has been sent to head-quarters, and the company accepted by "the powers that be." Since that date four flag raisings have come off in that portion of Kane county, and "Mary" and "May"—the soldier girls—in uniforms of red, white and blue, have attended all of them, at the request of the officers, marching as pioneers at the head of their company.—The Captain says he could not get along without them, and after the flag has been sent up he allows them each to fire three guns in honor of the Union, the Stars and Stripes. Whether he will deprive the place of the valuable services of a good teacher, and a lover of a pretty sweetheart, by carrying his Joan of Arc to the war with him, remains yet to be seen. Much of the success of the recruiting service, and the patriotic fire burning now in Old Kane, is attributed to the gallant conduct and bright eyes of these young ladies.

THE TOPHET CADETS.

Attached to the King of Dahomey's army, there is a troop called "The Amazon Guards." The West African *Herald* thus describes them:

"The Amazon Guards, as they have sometimes been styled, are the most extraordinary troops that we have ever heard or read of. They are 3,000 in number, all females, and display such a degree of ferocious blood-thirstiness and hardihood as to bear a greater resemblance to a host of mad tigresses than to human creatures. They utterly despise death; they show no mercy to any living being in war; they are mad after blood, and seem not to know what fear means. They are in fact a troop of devils, so to speak, whose hideous wildness of manner, and the savage madness of whose demeanor in times of excitement are so appalling and inhuman, as to have led many well-judging persons to opine that these dreadful creatures are periodically subjected to the influence of some species of drug which has this effect.—The dress of the Amazon consists of a pair of loose trowsers, an upper garment covering the breast, and a cap. They are armed with a gun, knives, and daggers; some have blunderbusses; others long elephant guns while the remainder carry the ordinary musket. In their military exercises they display good discipline, as well as wonderful dexterity and agility.

MIGRATORY HABITS OF THE BUFFALO. There is a feature in the migratory character of the Buffalo not generally known, except to hunters, and that is that the vast body of the herd is never found in the same district of country two seasons in succession. The Buffaloes of North America form an immense army, marching in one continuous circuit, but perhaps, three-fourths of the entire number of which are found within range of from two to three miles. Thus, where buffaloes are abundant one year, they are fewer the next, until the great body having completed its circuit, again makes its appearance. The circuit is completed in about four years. Its western limit is the eastern part of the Rocky mountains, and its eastern is bounded by a marginal outline of civilization, extending from the British settlements on the North, to northern Texas on the South. The range of latitude traversed extends from the Cross Timber of Texas to the tributaries of Lake Winnepeg on the North.

☞ Some years ago, it is said, a party was traveling in a stage through the Jersey pines, and saw in the distance what they supposed was the frame of a log house. On approaching, they found it was the skeleton of a mosquito which had starved to death the flesh having fallen from the bones.

HOW NOT TO DO IT.

CHILD.—Mother I want a piece of cake.

MOTHER.—I haven't got any; it's all gone.

C.—I know there's some in the cupboard; I saw it when you opened the door.

M.—Well you don't need any now, cake hurts children.

C.—No it don't (whining.) I do want a piece, mother, mayn't I have a piece?

M.—Be still, I say! I shan't give you a bit if you don't leave off crying.

C. (still crying.)—I want a piece of cake. I want a piece of cake.

M—(rising hastily and reaching a piece.) There, take that, and hold your tongue. Eat it quick, I hear Ben coming. Now don't tell him you have had any.

(Ben enters.)

C.—(to Ben)—I have had a piece of cake you can't have any.

BEN.—Yes, I will. Mother give me a piece.

M.—There, take that. It seems to me as if I never could keep a bit of anything in the house. You see sir, (to the child) if you get anything another time.

(Another room.) C—I have had a piece of cake.

YOUNGER SISTER.—Oh! I want some, too.

C.—Well you bawl, and mother will give you some. I did.

OUR ARMY CORRESPONDENCE.

CAMP CAMERON,
FUNKSTOWN, Md., June 22, 1861,

MESSRS McCRUM & DERN.—Since my last, we have had a foretaste of the "pomp and circumstances of glorious war." On Monday night an alarm was sounded in Camp, and in less than fifteen minutes the whole Brigade, composing the 1st, 2nd, 3d, and 24th Regiments were formed upon the parade ground, and ready for anything that might turn up. The hour was 12 o'clock, M. and of course all, except the guard and those having business at that time, were locked in the arms of Morpheus. A messenger from Gen. Cadwalader, at Williamsport, Md., brought intelligence to Gen. Wynkoop, that fears were entertained that the troops thrown across the Potomac, at that point, into Virginia, would be attacked by a body of rebels 10,000 in number, who, it was rumored, were advancing from the direction of Martinsburg, Va., After a consultation between the Colonels of each Regiment and the officers of the several companies, we were marched back to our quarters with instructions to lie down with our belts on and be prepared to march at a moments notice.

Another call was sounded, and at 1½ o'clock. A. M. the 1st and 2nd left Camp, at 2½ the 24th, and the 3rd at 3 o'clock. This latter regiment did some tall marching that morning. Though we were late in taking our departure, yet we reached Williamsport, in company with those who had the advantage at the start, and then, too, after having travelled six miles more than we should have done. By the most direct rout it is only about 7 miles to Williamsport from our present encampment. Our gait was quick time, and ten miles was made without commanding a halt. To green hands, carrying a heavy knapsack, six pounds of amunition, haversack, canteen holding three pints of water, (in the absence of anything strong,) musket and overcoat, you may opine that it was rather trying upon the pluck and patriotism of the boys. However, we stood it nobly, in expectation of soon having a brush with the traitors of our country. But disappointment marked every face, when the fact was announced that no enemy was on hand to be slaughtered.—Shortly before sundown, we took up our line of march for our Camp near this place where we arrived in good order and at a reasonable hour, none the worse for our tramp, except being tired and with voracious appetites. The dilapidated Williamsport had been completely eaten out, and nothing was to be had even for love or money. The town has a population of about 1500, and the buildings look old and rickety. The Washington Co. Bank has been closed for some time, and the valuables removed to Hagerstown, to prevent their seizure by the rebels in case of a foray from the Virginia side.

Our return march was saddened by the death of Mr. Milton Berlin of Tyrone.—The circumstance occurred nearly as follows: A halt was made about two miles this side of Williamsport, when a sergeant of the 24th regiment, following ours, in taking off the cap on his musket accidentally discharged his piece, the shot taking effect in his thighs and passing up into the abdomen. He died in a few minutes afterwards. He was walking past the sergeant at the time, having got behind his regiment by stopping at a house to procure a piece of bread and butter. He belonged to company D., Capt Bell.

An important arrest was made at Hagerstown, a day or two ago, in the person of Richard Alvey, a prominent and wealthy lawyer, in the interest of the secessionists. A picket of the Federal forces arrested a man one night, who, upon searching, was him found to be an accomplice of Alvey's, by a letter which he was carrying to him. The picket put on the prisoner's clothes and repaired to the Headquarters of Gen. Patterson, showed the document and told what had been done. He was then sent to Alvey's house with the instructions to request replies and draw out all the information he could, which duty he faithfully performed, and returned to Gen. P., who ordered the treasonable scoundrel to be arrested. Upon searching his person and premises, drafts of the various Camps, located in this part of Maryland, the roads leading thereto, the nature of the country, and at the same time conveying to the rebels in writing, all necessary instructions and information, for them to make a successful attack upon our troops, which he urged them to do immediately, was found. He was lodged in the Hagerstown jail, and from thence sent to Washington, to be tried for his offence. If all that I have learned upon the subject be true, he should receive, what he so richly deserves, a felon's doom!

JUNE 27, 1861.—On Tuesday, the 25th, we broke up our camp, where I first commenced this letter, and took up our march for our present encampment, which is named "Camp Speilman," in honor of a widow lady, on whose property we are quartered. The distance is about twelve miles from Funkstown, and fifteen from Hagerstown, and only two and a half from the Potomac river. Our march was performed much easier and more pleasantly than the one I have chronicled elsewhere. This time our knapsacks were hauled by the Company's wagon; consequently, we had nothing, except our ammunition, to pull us back while our purpose was forward. There is but little more than three weeks remaining until the expiration of the term of service of those who have enlisted for three months. Whether we shall ever tread the sacred soil of the F. F. V.'s, in that period, it is difficult for your correspondent to determine; but, from present appearances, the prospect is not flattering. However, we are near the enemy, and we cannot tell "what a day may bring forth."

Since our arrival here, nothing of interest has occurred worthy of record.—We are almost as good as out of the world, for we are destitute of news, newspapers, and almost communication with friends at home. But do not understand that we are in an unproductive and unhandsome country. Perhaps there is no section better cultivated, or that (at this season of the year) presents such a beautiful aspect as that from the Susquehanna to the Potomac river. Everywhere the eye rests upon fields laden with what promises a most bountiful harvest. In this part of Maryland the wheat crop is unusually fine, and some of it is now ready for the sickle. The same may be said of the opposite side of the Potomac river, in the same latitude. The Union men there have been pleading for protection, by the Federal troops, while they gather the standing crop. Virginia, by her miserable and insufferable pride, and rash insanity, has transferred to her own soil the whole brunt of the war, and hence all its horrors and terrible desolation must fall upon her. Every day's history must convince even the Secessionists themselves, the utter impossibility of measuring swords with the Federal power.—The longer the Government holds the rebels at bay and in check, the more straightened will become their means to carry on their rebellion; hence, this secession bug-bear will collapse in infamy, die an unhonored death, and the villains who have fomented it meet the fate of Haman!

We all feel that we are not in Pennsylvania, as we miss the home comforts to which we have been accustomed since our advent to camp-life—and the gift, for the most part, of the good people of Altoona. These, in connection with our regular army rations, made our fare very good, and abundant. Still we have plenty of shoulder, flitch, mess pork and beef, and occasionally fresh beef. The four former articles might be taken for the pillar of salt into which Lot's wife was transformed. The coffee is of the most wretched character, and, once made into that favorite and popular beverage, a man blindfolded and ignorant of the draught about to be administered to him, could not tell, upon his oath, whether it was an *extract of tobacco or a tincture of burnt cork!* It has neither the taste, smell, aroma, nor ingredients of the coffee we are accustomed to drink at home. We also receive rice and bean soup, which is scarcely any better than swill. We have no bread, except pilot-bread, which is a cracker about six inches in diameter, and so hard as to require the use of an axe, a hatchet or stone to break it. They are very trying on bad teeth. But still we are hearty and look well. One of the best things we have had since our arrival in this State, has been an abundance of pure, good water. This is one good feature, though the eating arrangements are a little rough.—The weather has been very warm for several weeks past, and there has been very little rain during the two weeks that we have been encamped in this locality. The corn is the only crop that is now suffering in consequence.

The sword presented by the citizens of your place, to Lieut. John M. Clark, of

our Company, has reached him. It is a beautiful article, and a merited tribute to the worth of a good officer and a brave man, and I can assure the donors, that the Lieut. will never dishonor the gift on the field of battle, or cease to cherish a fond remembrance of those who have evinced so much confidence in and respect for him. For him, I return to them his most grateful thanks for this much needed testimonial, and which he trusts will be well used, if occasion should require. I have been informed that swords have also been ordered for Capt. WAYNE and Lieut. GARDNER, but have not been received. The Captain, however, carries a rifle musket, with which he expects to pick off the rebels, before he gets to close quarters. He will certainly make some of them bite the dust, if he gets a chance, for he is a good shot.

Two more arrests of rebels have been made, one by pickets of the 13th Regiment, of a man by the name of STONEBRAKER. He has been under guard in their camp for a few days past, and his offence consists in burning the bridges at Harper's Ferry. The other, whose name I have not learned, held a high position in the rebel army, and, of course, had taken the oath of allegiance to rebel authority. He was taken to Hagerstown, yesterday, under escort of U S. dragoons. Our scouts are getting a little too sharp for the secessionists, and once the boys have seen some further service, they will give the defenders of the nigger Confederacy no small trouble. Our camps are scattered at short distances from each other, and all the regiments can be be concentrated together in few hours, if emergency requires it. Consequently the Federal pickets are thrown out in every direction, making it difficult for rebel spies to escape detection,

The health of the boys is very good. David Cahoe, James Arbie and Andrew Houseman are at Chambersburg where we left them on the 14th inst., being too ill to move them with us. Abraham Bowers is at Hagerstown, being left at our last encampment, with a sprained leg.—Sergeant LAFFERTY is also at Hagerstown, in the hospital, sick. This composes the disabled in Company B,—the rest being all able for active duty. Ferguson and Davis *"vamosed the ranche,"* at Camp Chambers. A. J. G.

CAMP SPEILMAN, Maryland, }
July 3, 1861. }

MESSRS. EDITORS:—On the night of the 27th our camp was aroused three times by the firing of the guard. Muskets were instantly seized by our company, and in a few secwe were formed in front of the quarters. We now keep our fire-arms loaded, so that we are prepared, in case of a sudden attack, to give the enemy a very warm reception. But the alarms were false, and all retired to *bed*, at 1 o'clock, A. M., and slept all the sounder until Old Sol lit up the horizon. Company F (from Johnstown,) was out on picket last night. During the night a party of five horsemen were hailed by them, and commanded to halt: one of them paid no attention to the order, but pressed forward; he was immediately shot down dead. Unfortunately, he was a Union man; but he had disregarded a command which it was his duty to obey, and thus met a fate which cannot be regretted more by any than the Federal forces. Under the present state of affairs, it is extremely dangerous for persons, even friendly to the Government, to be moving about at a late hour of the night, in citizens' dress. On all occasions such persons, when ordered to halt, should obey, and thus avoid serious consequences.

This morning a deserter from the rebel camp at Falling Water made his appearance among us. He reports a force there of 3,200 Secessionists, under Gen. Jackson. He is a native of Chambersburg, Pa., and has been impressed into the Confederate army. For three weeks he was kept in camp, and not permitted, under any circumstances, to go outside of it. Finally he was permitted to pass out for a pail of water, and he seized the opportunity to make good his escape. He crawled through two wheat-fields on all fours. He reports considerable force in that neighborhood of Virginia. Falling Water is only 4½ miles from our camp, and your readers may not be surprised to hear of us crossing the Potomac some night, and giving battle to the enemy.

On Thursday, the 27th, a man dressed in women's clothes, as the narrative will show, was arrested in an adjoining camp. He passed by our camp during the day, and made a number of inquiries of soldiers, concerning the number of troops here, how they were treated, and the supply of provisions. He then made his appearance at the other camp, was suspected, captured and examined—an lo! the [illegible] was suddenly transformed into the masculine!

On the 28th, a meeting was held by the officers at the General's headquarters, to make arrangements for the appropriate celebration of the 4th of July in our camp. The purpose is to have some refreshments besides those I mentioned in my last, a display of fire-works and a *fandango* in the evening—provided the officers can raise sufficient funds to defray the expenses. But, unfortunately, the majority of them are like the privates—possessed of most wretchedly collapsed pocket-books. Should the project in contemplation be perfected, the gentlemen and ladies of the vicinity are to be invited to participate in the festivities. Lieut. Clark is one of the Committee of arrangements.

The deserter from the rebels, mentioned previously, yesterday gave to Gen. Wynkoop a deplorable account of the condition of the Confederate troops from whom he had escaped. He says that they have many good rifles and muskets, and likewise many poor ones, stolen, of courses from the Government. They have only 20 rounds of ammunition, and but few pieces of artillery, of light calibre, and are destitute of tents and camp equipments, cartridge-boxes, bayonet-scabbards, &c. They are also scarce of provisions, and they plunder all the farm-houses, stores &c., that fall in their path. Equally distressing is the fact that the standing crops are likely to be worthless to their owners, for many of those who favor the rebel cause have been pressed into that service, and the Union men have been compelled to fly from their homes, through the terrorism the villians have inaugurated. Those who remain will be forced to convey, with their teams, the baggage of their most diabolical enemies, and thus be diverted from gathering the crop, which now requires their immediate attention. The corn remains on the ground just as it sprung from the seed. Alas! for the benefits and blessings of secession! All the evils fall upon those who are made the victims of aspiring and ambitious demagogues, while the loyal people of the North are free from all terror, and are enjoying, undisturbed, the fruits of their husbandry, commerce, the arts and the sciences.

On Saturday, the 29th, it was whispered that we were not to remain long in our present camp. On Sunday we were under marching orders; and that night orders were given to the men to strip off their blouses, and take nothing extra with them but their haversacks and canteens. This was at once construed into warm work, and a fight. At 1 o'clock A. M. we were off towards the Potomac, which we reached, some ten miles below Williamsport, about 5 o'clock. We halted a short time when orders were given to countermarch, and again we were heading for camp. After partaking of some coffee, etc., tents were struck, and our course was changed West, towards Williamsport, some six miles from our camp. When in sight of the town, owing to the bungling of the guide, we had passed the locality where we were to form our encampment for the night, and another countermarch was made through a drenching rain. This was calculated somewhat to depress the spirits of the men, but nevertheless we slept soundly; and the next morning the 2d and 3d Regiments crossed the Potomac at Williamsport; and for the first time, set foot upon the sacred soil of the Mother of States. Our Regiment led the advance. The fording of the river was easy, and the water was not over knee deep. After gaining the shore cheers were given, and the Band struck up "Dixie" and another popular air. We then took up our march towards Falling Waters, on the main road leading to Martinsburg. About 3½ miles from the river, the booming of artillery came to our ears, and in the distance smoke was plainly seen, indicating that we were near the scene of conflict. We pushed forward rapidly, but ere we arrived at the spot the rebels were in full flight, and our forces in hot pursuit. For two miles we followed in chase, at a very rapid gait, but were unable to overtake the flying rebels. There were between 4,000 and 5,000 of them, with four pieces of artillery, one of which was captured by the Wisconsin troops. Their loss in killed and wounded may be safely set down 150.—They carried off, in wagons, all the killed and wounded they could gather up; but, after the battle, 13 secessionists were found dead in the adjacent fields and woods. Three prisoners were captured. Our loss was seven killed and seven wounded. However, scouting parties report a large number of newly made graves in the woods, thus showing that the secessionists' loss was very heavy. Only two or three of our Regiments were actively in the fight, and, had the rebels stood their ground thirty minutes longer, they would have been surrounded, and their retreat wholly cut off; but after firing three rounds they commenced to gather up their fallen comrades, and *run!* The scene all along the road beggars description—knapsacks, haversacks, overcoats, blankets, canteens, cards, &c., were abundantly strewed upon the ground! Captain Wayne has a secession coverlet, overcoat, and pipe, captured in the skirmish, and Lieut. Clark has a most excellent white blanket and a knapsack, which belonged to a member of the 1st Regiment of Virginia Volunteers—trophies of the "Battle of the Falling Waters." Others of the Altoona boys have various memorials of the fight—such as bullets, cannon-balls, &c.

The reason of the fording being so easy at Williamsport, was in the fact that the rebels had cut the dam below, on Monday, with the design of drowning us, in case we should attempt to cross the Potomac. But their diabolical plans were frustrated, and all their toil worked to our advantage. The enemy were well posted, being sheltered behind a farm-house and a clump of fruit-trees, right in the bend of the road, but the grape-shot and shell of our batteries soon put them to flight. About 30 rebels were stationed under a pine tree, when a shell was thrown into the top of it, and you may judge that the "chivalry" made themselves scarce. A running fight was kept up for about a mile, as the torn down fences, fragments of shell, cannon and musket-balls, testify. Some of the houses, as well as fences, trees, &c., in the neighborhood of the fight, bear marks of the artillery. But time forbids further elaboration.

Company I of the 15th Regiment of Gen. Negley's Brigade, being the advance, was attacked yesterday by rebel cavalry, and 45 of them are missing. Gen. N. was on the right of the main body of Gen. Patterson's command.

But I must close, as we are packing up, this morning, preparatory to moving down upon Martinsburg. For the present, adieu. A. J. G.

ON THE MARCH.—We are halted outside of Martinsburg, and see no sign of the enemy. They must be in full retreat towards Winchester. The battle yesterday must have proved disastrous to them, as we were told by a farmer today that 75 dead and wounded rebels were lying a short distance from where I write, and that this morning they carried away four wagon-loads of wounded and dying from their camp on his property.

The crops remain uncut, and in a great measure will go to loss, for want of hands to harvest it. Everywhere the country seems deserted, and the glories (?) of this secession humbug are falling upon Virginia with fearful force.—Your readers can form no idea of the desolation that will mark the era of the war against the Government, inaugurated by the scoundrels who rule the hour in the Southern States.

A member of Company G (of Johnstown,) was accidentally shot while in charge of the baggage of his company. He was riding on the wagon at the time, having his arm in front of the muzzle of his gun, when it was discharged, blowing his arm off. His name is Weigert. A. J. G.

IN MARTINSBURG.—Since writing the above we are encamped on a hill overlooking the town. This place is strongly for the Union. It is the county-seat of Berkley county, which gave upwards of 900 majority on the side of the supreme authority. The town is well located, and is tolerably well built, and looks like an old inland Pennsylvania town; it contains a population of about 4,000. Here is an important point on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and holds the same position that Altoona does to the Pennsylvania Railroad. Here, too, is the work of the Goths and Vandals of secession plainly visible. The railroad bridge, which was once a splendid structure, now lies a mass of ruins, together with 59 locomotives and a number of "iron dumps." At the western abutment of the bridge a locomotive hangs over, and is almost worthless, as are those already mentioned. Thousands have been thrown out of employment by the devastation of these vagabonds, and many of the employees been compelled to seek refuge in Maryland from the Neros of the rebellion, leaving their families upon the protection of as heartless a set of men as ever disgraced the soil of Virginia. My language is strong, but it scarcely conveys to your readers an idea of the villainous work perpetrated by those in the interest of Davis and Beauregard, and were such outrages committed in the North by a Northern army, the peaceful citizens would instantly revolt. Thank God! the brave and loyal North are exempt from the horrors of this civil war, and we are only sorry that Union men in the South are among the sufferers.

To-day our Regiment, in which Company B played an important part, captured a large quantity of flour, grain and *whiskey*, at a grist-mill belonging to a rebel. Of course, the articles were confiscated as "contraband of war"—particularly the whiskey! The 3d Regiment has ten wagon-loads and [illegible] barrels of the "O! be joyful," to celebrate the 4th, which comes off to-morrow. But if there is a prospect of a fight, we prefer to celebrate our National Anniversary in that style. The Altoona boys are in excellent spirits, and are "spoiling for a fight" with the rebels, who may be brave enough, but they (the secessionists,) have *very cowardly legs!* Pardon the reference.

This morning 43 members of Company I, 15th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, were driven by the rebels, at the point of the bayonet, through this town. Their hands were tied behind their backs, and they were forced to march at as rapid a gait as a horse could walk! Among the captured from Juniata Co., are J. W. Reynolds, Matthew Hyte, ——— Waldsmith, and all the Lewistown boys in the Company. The Captain is very much censured by those who escaped; for, it is said, he swore he would shoot the first man that would fire upon the rebel cavalry, and he even caused one man to let down the fence so that the enemy had more easy access to the Company. The Captain's name is Hess, and he is universally condemned by all the Regiments. I hope he may be able to give a concise explanation of his conduct.

There are about 30,000 troops, under the command of Gen. Patterson, concentrated here. Gen. McClellan, I am now informed, has advanced so far that the retreating rebels are now being forced back upon us, and they will meet with a very handsome reception. We are up to the work, and are as sharp as the rascals who oppose our massive force.

But I *must* close. Were I to continue, the *Tribune* would not hold this letter. Events are exciting; we are all in our glory; and if we return at the expiration of our three months' enlistment, it will be because there is no enemy to fight. A. J. G.

MARTINSBURG, VA., July 5, 1861.

MESSRS. MCCRUM & DERR:—On the night of the 3d inst., a sentinel of Company F, 3d Regiment, shot Peter Sower, a member of Company C. An alarm was sounded from the 24th Regiment (Irish Brigade,) who were having a jollification on the head of a plenteous supply of fighting whiskey. This called in the picket guard, of which Company C formed a part. The sentinel was intoxicated at the time, and fired upon Sower before he commanded a halt. The shot took effect in the right breast, producing almost instant death. He was a native of Williamsburg, Blair county, and belonged to Capt. Neff's company. On the occurring of this case, eight barrels of the "contraband" noticed in my last, had their heads immediately "caved in" and their contents thrown out. Like water spilled upon the ground it could not be gathered up again, and but for this we might have spent a merry fourth in Camp. But it is a thousand times better to destroy the vile stuff, rather than it should be the instrument of the death of our men.

A squad of the 2d cavalry killed a rebel captain and six men, the same night. Both were out on picket. They stripped them of their arms, equipments and horses and brought them as trophies into their camp. Their firing also aroused the camps around, and soon all the Brigades were drawn up in battle array. But no enemy made their appearance.

The 4th was celebrated by the troops appearing upon the ground and giving three cheers for the "Day we Celebrate." Perkins' battery fired a National salute of thirty-four guns. About 12 o'clock M. a company of riflemen, headed by the 2d Regiment band, proceeded to the Court House in town, and in the presence of a large number of soldiers and citizens, the "Star Spangled Banner" was raised upon the dome, amid the applause of the multitude, and it now flaunts proudly to the breeze. The day passed off without the result of accidents common to the celebration of our Nation's birth-day. In the evening the Rhode Island Marine battery came in from Williamsport, and halted in front of our regiment's quarters. The battery consists of six brass, rifled 12-pounders, The 13th Penn's Regiment followed as a guard, and encamped to the east of us. Capt. Doubleday's battery, consisting of one eight-inch Columbaid and two large 24-pounders, is here. These are the largest pieces of artillery I have ever seen, and our Irishman (Delaney) is of the opinion that they might hurt a person at the distance of fifty yards! The Captain is yet to receive three additional pieces of rifled cannon of heavy calibre. His guns are calculated for siege operations, rather than for field service. We have besides those already mentioned several other batteries, and more is yet to come.—It is impossible to give the number of troops encamped in and around Martinsburg; regiment after regiment continues to come forward, and the force under Gen. Patterson's command, is rapidly approximating 40,000. From our Camp, the whole of this vast force lies before you, and it is the most grand sight your correspondent has ever witnessed. Xerxes, when he surveyed his thousands mustered for the invasion of Greece, his heart swelled with pride and exultation; but suddenly the proud monarch's feelings passed away at the remembrance of the fact that in one hundred years not one of his countless myriads would be alive. Like the Persian monarch, no citizen of the Keystone State could view this sublime display made by her sons, in connection with those of the loyal States of Wisconsin, Rhode Island and Connecticut, without a thrill of joy vibrating every pulse of his heart. What though one hundred years hence none of us are upon the earth, if only the object of our mission is accomplished and the government preserved and handed down, unimpaired, to posterity at the end of that period. What though it be a Thermopola to us all, in the defence of the ever-glorious Stars and Stripes, it should not depress the proud, patriotic emotions of any man's heart.

Evidences are daily coming to light, which prove the terrible slaughter the rebels sustained at Falling Waters. Their actual loss in killed is known to be 123, and an equal number in wounded. Those who witnessed the effects of Perkins' battery, say they were terrific. The rebels, when struck by the grape and canister shot, would jump almost as high as a man's head. Had the whole U. S. force been engaged, the rebels would have been cut to pieces; but their rapid flight alone saved their bacon. It is now certain that, but for the unfortunate command to halt, given by Gen. Patterson, the retreating Confederates would have been captured, with all their baggage and artillery, by the 1st Wisconsin and the 2d and 3d Pennsylvania Regiments.

What is a more solemn spectacle than a soldier's funeral. Yesterday the mortal remains of Peter Sower were conveyed to their last resting place by his comrades of Company C. The mournful precession was headed by the Regiment band, playing the "Dead March," and the members with arms reversed. After being placed in the grave, the usual ceremonies connected with a soldier's burial were gone through with. He met a melancholy death, but in his death and burial the sympathies and respect of his fellow-soldiers followed him.

To-day a number of citizens of Martinsburg went out to bury the dead rebels who were found between this and the battle near Falling Water, and those shot by our cavalry pickets at night around this neighborhood. The Secessionists, in their flight, threw their dead into shallow pits, and in several instances their hands and feet were exposed.—Thus your readers may form some idea of their precipitate retreat, and their efforts to conceal their actual loss.

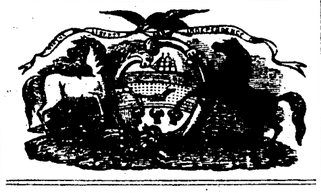
The regulars, in their march here on the 3d inst., captured 140 of the rebels' tents, which they set on fire and reduced to ashes. They were equal in quality to those in use by the Federal troops.

Company E (Capt. Szink,) being out on picket on Thursday night, brought into Camp this morning four *horned* secessionists—beef cattle. Being of that class called "contraband," they were slaughtered for the use of the regiment, and that evening we had for our supper good steak, and bread made from the captured flour noticed before. It was rather an improvement upon our fare for the past ten days.

The effects of secession are plainly visible in Martinsburg, from the scarcity of groceries, &c., and many are destitute of the means to purchase articles necessary for their comfort. The destruction of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad by the rebel vandals, has thrown large numbers of persons out of employment, who depended upon that improvement for a livelihood. Many of the employees have been compelled to leave their families and seek an asylum elsewhere from the despotism of the leaders of this rebellion. The families left behind are destitute, and even if husbands could send them aid, it would run the risk, nine times out of ten, of never reaching them. In my rambles about the town, I observe a large number of houses unoccupied—the result of the destruction of the Railroad property. The sight of the burnt locomotives, bridges, cars, &c., is sickening, and produces in the minds of the troops universal scorn and hatred for the perpetrators of so dastard an outrage. Those engines, built at Taunton, Mass., seemed to inflame the passions of these devils incarnate, more than any of the others—on three of which they had attempted to deface the builder's name, the town and State from whence they came, by breaking the cast iron plate between the driving wheels. I noticed one engine a mass of ruins, which had just been rebuilt, and had not yet made a trip over the road. It will be some time before this can be put in operation; but the evil fall on the Southern people, not on the Northern men, and —— will bear upon Southern, rich as it is, contrabity or commerce.

The rebels commit many outrages upon the people of Virginia, in their marauding expeditions, and then coolly attempt to throw the *onus* upon the Federal troops, or as they delight to call us "the Abolitionists." They resort to many expedients to inflame the prejudices of the inhabitants against us, and invent all sorts of Munchausen stories. They have led the people to believe that we were a divided people at the North, in a political sense, and that portion opposed to the present Administration would not assist in putting down this rebellion; but the imposing force present here has dispelled that illusion, and they think we are a queer people. So we are when the country is jeopardized by traitors. But I must close, as a chance to send this presents itself. A. J. G.

The Altoona Tribune.



ALTOONA, PA.

MONDAY, JULY 11, 1861.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

S. M. PETTINGILL & CO.,

Advertising Agents, 119 Nassau street, New York, and 10 State street, Boston, are the Agents for the *Altoona Tribune*, and the most influential and largest circulating Newspapers in the United States and the Canadas. They are authorized to contract for us at our *lowest rates*.

FIGHT IN MISSOURI.—We have news by telegraph this (Thursday) morning of a desperate fight between 13,000 Missouri State troops under Gov. Jackson, and 1500 United States troops under Col. Seigel, near Carthage in that State. The United States forces were driven back by the overpowering force of the enemy. The latest despatch says that the United States troops lost from 300 to 1,000 in killed, wounded and prisoners, and that the loss of the secessionists was between 1,000 and 2,000 in killed and wounded. Reinforcements from Illinois are on their way to Col. Seigel. Gov. Jackson is also being reinforced, and more desperate fighting will yet be done in that part of Missouri. Governor Jackson appears determined to hold the State, but he will have a warm time of it if he does.

Message and Documents.

The President's message to Congress is too long for insertion in our paper this week, but the following, which we clip from the Harrisburg *Patriot and Union*, refers to the main features of the message and reports of the Secretaries of War and the Treasury. The message of the President is admitted by all to be a plain common sense document, and is confined exclusively to those matters which now agitates the public mind:

The President recommends that Congress provide for raising an army of 400,000 men and 400,000,000 of dollars, for the purpose of suppressing the rebellion by vigorous and active measures, and without unnecessary delay.

A short war in consequence of the immense preponderance of men and means on the part of the Government would certainly be more satisfactory to the people, and in the end more economical, than a contest protracted through years on account of deficient preparations to prosecute it with vigor.

Congress will no doubt respond to the suggestions of the President, which express the almost unanimous wishes of the people, by perfecting the measures necessary to carry them into execution without loss of time. It is useless to waste precious moments in discussing projects for peace and adjustment—and while it is the undoubted privilege of the representatives of the people to propose and discuss any measures deemed essential to the public welfare without restraint or fear of violence, no single member or combination of members forming a small minority, have the moral right to impede the conclusions of Congress by factious opposition to the well-known will of the majority.

Both men and money can be procured to the extent suggested in the message. By the report of the Secretary of War we learn that after the discharge of the three month's volunteers there will still remain an available force of volunteers amounting to 188,000, which, added to the regular army already in the field and in progress of organization, will constitute a total force of 230,000—leaving but 170,000 men to be raised in order to make up the full number of 400,000. Many of the States, like Pennsylvania, have contingent or reserved corps that would go far towards completing the whole number required. Beside this a direct appeal to the people would supply the Government with more volunteers than necessary to complete the full number of four hundred thousand. So much for the men:

As to money, the Secretary of the Treasury estimates the whole amount required for the present fiscal year at over $318,000,000. Of this sum he proposes to raise by taxation $30,000,000 and $240,000,000 by loans. It is recommended that the tariff be modified in such particulars as to provide increased revenue, that a special duty be imposed upon coffee, sugar and tea, and that the deficiency—estimated at twenty millions—be raised by direct taxes or internal duties, or by both.

In additon to this sum of $80,000,000 required for ordinary expenditures the sum of $240,000,000 must be raised by loans. To accomplish this purpose the Secretary proposes to open subscriptions for a national loan of $100,000,000 to be issued in the form of Treasury notes bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest, in sums ranging from $50 upwards. And in case it should be deemed inexpedient to raise the whole amount needed by this means that money be borrowed in this and foreign countries on bonds of the United States bearing 7 per cent. interest, redeemable in thirty years.

It will be observed that there is a discrepancy between the amounts recommended by the President and the Secretary of the Treasury, the former calling for $400,000,000 for the purpose of making this contest a short and decisive one, while the latter estimates the extraordinary expenditures at only $340,000,000. This may [illegible] the President referring to the longest supposable duration of the war, while the Secretary confines his estimates to the present fiscal year ending June 30, 1862.

☞ We give much space in this issue to the letters of our ever welcome army correspondent, "A. J. G." They are very interesting, and will be the more acceptable to our readers when it is known that our correspondent belongs to Captain Wayne's company, from this place, and all who have gone from this neighborhood are in camp with him.

Real Condition of the South.

The New York *Evening Post* of Saturday publishes the result of a long interview with a prominent Southerner, who has just arrived in New York for medical treatment. The gist of the whole may be given as follows:—It appears that the Southern States are overwhelmed with debt, have no trade or money, no cotton on hand, except in very limited quantity, and will gather but half a crop this year. They are without materials for clothing either soldiers or civilians, beyond a few months' consumption.—The usual channels of trade, and even of internal traffic, are closed, as, for example, the communication between Mobile and New Orleans is all carried on by round-about and tedious railway lines, and flour is now selling at the latter place at eighteen dollars a barrel, notwithstanding the good crop, because there is no convenient way of transporting it. The Mississippi is effectually blockaded. The population of the most flourishing towns is diminishing by absenteeism; as for example, there are at this moment one thousand three hundred deserted houses in Memphis, and the last and only hopes of the Confederates is that England will become their ally without delay. If this is not done they confess themselves lost.

With regard to the number of troops in Virginia, this informant says there cannot be less than 100,000, and the largest body of them is at and about Richmond. Their hope is to pursue a system of ambuscades and masked batteries, the mountains and defiles of that State being well adapted to such a plan of defence.—He thinks they will fight desperately at least one great battle, counting on a success to help them abroad and at home. Finally, this informant thinks if the North could make known to the South, in some unmistakable way, that it does not make war to abolish slavery, the war might be considered as almost over. The Secessionists feel and know they have entirely mistaken their case and their remedy, and the leaders tremble for their own personal safety.

☞ News from Western Missouri to the 28th says: Governor Jackson's secretary called a session of the Missouri Legislature, to meet at Sarcaxie, seventy miles Southeast of Fort Scott, for the purpose of passing an ordinance of secession. The rebels in Western Missouri were concentrating at that point. Fugitives from Jasper county were hourly arriving at Fort Scott, and report a terrible state of affairs in that section. It is reported that Dr. Wilson, Dr. Ulman, and other leading Union men, have been hung. In some cases escaping fugitives had been followed into Kansas by secessionists. Capt. Montgomery, with four hundred men, entered Missouri on the morning of the 27th, but his object has not transpired.

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ Ice is selling in the streets of Richmond at $6 to $8 per 100 lbs.

☞ An English gentleman who lately traveled through Virginia, says that when he passed through Manassas, the rebels were drilling with pikes and axes.

☞ It is to be hoped the report that Beauregard, Lee and Davis are quarreling is not true: for loyal people are anxious to see the rebel chiefs *hang together*.

☞ A Theatrical performance was recently given in Charleston for the benefit of the family of the assassin Jackson. The expenses slightly exceeded the receipts.

☞ Such a violent storm raged around Rice Lake, Upper Canada, during the last week, that one of the most beautiful islands, called Riordan's Island, has disappeared.

☞ Gen. Lee's wife formerly Mary Custis, remarked a few days ago that her husband "had sweated great drops of blood because of the fatal step he had taken" in joining the rebels.

☞ A young woman recently fell dead while dancing at a ball in Birmingham, England.—The Coroner's jury brought in a verdict that she died of apoplexy, arising in a great measure from tight lacing.

☞ The British Government is having cannon made of puddled steel, consolidated by being beaten under a steam-hammer. They weigh four and a half tuns, and although only six and a half inch bore are intended for 100 pound shot.

☞ The Norfolk papers say that "nests of traitors"—which means Union men—have been discovered in that city and Portsmouth, and that some of them have already been arrested and turned over to the tender mercies of the military authorities.

☞ Mr. Vallandigham, who represents the Third district of Ohio in Congress, and who, it has been reported, is in the confidence of the bogus Confederacy Cabinet, has declared in Washington that he knows Jeff. Davis is willing to make a compromise, and remain in the Union.

☞ Vallandigham, the recreant Ohio Congressman, visited the Ohio regiments across the Potomac on Saturday, and was received with such decided marks of disfavor that he was forced to leave for fear of violence. He was hung in effigy, and on taking his departure was pelted with onions and other missiles.

☞ A position has at length been assigned to Major General Fremont. A new military department has been created and placed under his command, consisting of the State of Illinois, and the States and Territories West of the Mississippi river and on this side of the Rocky Mountains, including New Mexico. General Fremont's headquarters will be at St. Louis.

☞ Corporal Hayes, the hero of the late skirmish near Cumberland, is a native of York county, in this State, and lived for several years in Harrisburg, where he worked with Speel and Zollinger. He was severely wounded in this fight, having one ball through the shoulder, another through the thigh, and a sabre cut over the head. Being a man of powerful frame and excellent constitution, he makes light of his wounds, and hopes soon to have another brush with the rebels.

☞ Under the heading "the enemy at our door," the New Orleans "Picayune" says:

"While we are remaining in fancied security, and boasting of the impossibility of the invasion of our shores by the enemy, a fleet takes possession of Ship Island and the Sound, and cuts off our communication with Mobile, while another of the enemy's ships blockades the mouth of the Atchafalaya. Where is our fleet of gunboats, and why are they permitted to lie idle when there is plenty of opportunity for them to exercise their skill and bravery by having a small tea party with the light craft of the enemy?"

SPECIAL NOTICES.

To Consumptives.

And those afflicted with

DYSPEPSIA,
NERVOUS DEBILITY,
HEART DISEASE,
FEVER & AGUE, OR
CONSTIPATION.

The undersigned, now seventy-five years old, has for years devoted his time to curing his Parishoners and the poor in New York of these dreadful complaints, which carry thousands and thousands to an untimely grave; he has seldom failed to cure all who have applied to him for relief, and believing it to be a Christian's duty to relieve those abroad, as well as athome, he will send to those who require it, a copy of Prescriptions used, (Free of Charge), with directions for preparing and using the same. Also rules on Diet, Bathing, Ventilation, and Exercise for the Sick, they will find these remedies a sure cure for Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Fever and Ague, Constipation, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints, and he hopes every one afflicted will send for a copy, as it will cost nothing, and those suffering should apply before it is too late. These Prescription are used by the most eminent Physicians in London, Paris, and New York. Those wishing them will please address REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN.

Nov. 15,'60.-1y. Williamsburgh, New York.

Dr. Velpeau's Cankerine.

DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Putrid Sore Mouth.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Sore Nipples.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Ulcerated Sores.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Cuts.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Burns.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Sores.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Chapped Lips.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Ulcerated Gums.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE is the best Purifier of the Breath of anything known.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Canker in the Mouth, Throat, or Stomach, resulting from Scarlatina or Typhus Fevers.

Ladies, if you delight in a white teeth, use the CANKERINE, and your desires will be realized. We pledge our word that it is entirely free from acids and all poisonous substances, and can be given to an infant with perfect safety. It will preserve the teeth and keep the gums free from ulcers. It is equally efficacious for nursing sore mouths. In all the thousands remedies that have been put forth for the cure of the various diseases above, none can equal the Cankerine. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents per bottle. J. BURRILL & CO.,
Proprietors, 93 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

For sale in Altoona, by G. W. KESSLER.

☞ The following is a sample of the numerous letters constantly receiving for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

CANANDAIGUA, July 15, 1859.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburg, Pa.:—Gents:—As we are strangers, I herewith enclose you twenty-eight dollars for four dozen Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which please forward via Michigan Southern Railroad, Toledo, Ohio, and Clayton Station. I have purchased several dozen bottles at Toledo this Summer, but the sale is on the increase so much that I wish to open a direct trade with you. I was induced to try your Bitters by my physician, for the Liver Complaint, and received such material aid that I have recommended it to others and have sold about two dozen per week for some time. I have all kinds of medicine in my store, but there is none that I can so cheerfully and truthfully recommend as your Bitters, for I know they have helped me beyond my expectation. Yours respectfully.

PHILO WILSON.

MRS. WINSLOW,

An experienced nurse and female physician, has a soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by sotening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column

A Card to the Ladies.

DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PILLS FOR FEMALES.

Infallible in correcting, regulating, and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and always successful as a preventative.

There is not a lady living but what at some period of her life needs just such a medicine as "Duponco's Golden Pills." One of the first ladies of Chester told the Agent there that she had received so much benefit from the use of them, she would be willing to pay $5 a box, rather than be without them, if she could get them no less. The ingredients composing these pills are made known to every Agent. They will tell you they are perfectly harmless and yet will do all claimed for them. Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price $1.00 per box.—Sold by G. W. KESSLER, Druggist, sole Agent for Altoona, Pa.

Ladies by sending him $1.00 to the Altoona Post Office, can have the pills sent to any part of the country (confidentially) by mail, "free of postage." Sold also by JOHN READ, Huntingdon, and by one Druggist in every village town and city in the State.

S. D. HOWE.
Sole Proprietor, New York.

N. B.—The above Pills have been counterfeited, and are offered to Ladies at prices ranging from 25 cents to 75 cts. dear at that.) Look out for them. The genuine, hereafter, will bear the signature of S. D. Howe, sole proprietor. Price—$1. Purchase of the above gentlemen, and you will find the genuine article, and one you may rely upon.

January 31, 1861.—1y.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh,
Oct. 4, '60.—1y. Kings County, New York

A Card to the Suffering.

The Rev. Wm. Cosgrove, while laboring as a missionary in Japan, was cured of Consumption, when all other means had failed, by a recipe obtained from a learned physician residing in the great city of Jeddo. This recipe has cured great numbers who were suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds, and the debility and nervous depression caused by these disorders.

Desirous of benefitting others, I will send this recipe, which I brought home with me, to all who need it, free of charge. Address

REV. WM. COSGROVE,
430, Fulton Avenue,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

☞ THE GREAT CLOTHING EMPORIUM OF THE UNION.—Philadelphia possesses the most splendid Clothing Emporium in the country. It is splendid as regards the palatial structure in which the immense business of the establishment is conducted, and it is equally splendid in respect to its great facilities and vast resources. But to its patrons its chief attractions are, first, the elegance of the garments for Gentlemen and Youths, manufactured there; secondly, the beauty and durability of the materials, and the superior excellence of the fit, and lastly the moderate prices at which the goods are sold. We refer, in this description, to none other than the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut St. above Sixth, Philadelphia.

☞ We invite special attention to the advertisement of Prof. Wood's *Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator*, in another column. For weakness and general debility there is nothing like it; it will strengthen, exhilarate, create an appetite at once, regulate the biliousaystem, aid digestion, and in short, restore the weakened organs to all their original vigor and strength. So valuable a Tonic Cordial should be in the hands of every invalid and in every family. Reader, try it.

What's the News?

WHY THIS, THE SUBSCRIBER has just received and opened a large and beautiful stock of

SEASONABLE GOODS

among which may be found the following

FOR THE LADIES:

Fancy and Plain, magnificent and brilliant styles of Spring Silks, Black Silks, Norwich Poplins, Challi-De Laines, colored and figured Brilliants, French and English Chintzes, English and American Calicoes, &c.

WHITE GOODS.

We have in this department, Linens, Laces, Edgings, Cambrics, Brilliants, Nainsooks, Jaconets, Lawns, Mull Muslins, Ladies Fine French Collars, Undersleeves, &c., all of which we respectfully ask a thorough examination in order to satisfy Ladies that we have these goods better and lower in price than the lowest.

Mourning Goods.

This line of goods is very ample in every department

Hosiery and Gloves.

Silk, Woolen Cotton and Linen Hose for ladies and gentlemen, and an endless variety for children. Ladies and gentlemen's Kid, Kid Finishes, Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves Call and see our far famed "Buck Gloves."

DOMESTICS.

Muslins, Flannels, Blankets, and every article in the Domestic line of Dry Goods, in larger quantity and in more complete assortment than can be found in any house in the interior of Pennsylvania.

We have also a fine assortment of

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,

together with a full stock of

Groceries, Queensware, Hardware,

and all the et ceteras of a country store.

May 9, 1861. J. B. HILEMAN

THE ROOT & HERB DOCTOR.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

WHO HAS HAD 30 YEARS CONSTANT practice, can be consulted at the Allooni House, Mr. John Wood's, viz.:—*On the 7th of

Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA MAIL SCHEDULE.
MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern Way	10 40 A. M.
Western Way	7 00 "
Hollidaysburg	7 00 A. M. and 6 00 P. M.
Western Through	6 00 P. M.
Eastern Through	7 20 "

MAILS ARRIVE.

Hollidaysburg	7 00 A. M. and 6 20 P. M.
Western Through	4 40 A. M.
Eastern Through	7 10 "
Western Way	11 00 A. M.
Eastern Way	6 30 P. M.

OFFICE HOURS:—During the week, from 6 45 A. M. till 7 30 P. M. On Sundays, from 6 45 till 7 45 A. M.
JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 10, 1861.

Express Train East arrives		4,40 A.M.,	leaves	4.45 A. M.
"	" West	"	7,10 A. M.	"	7.30 A. M.
Fast	" East	"	8.30 P. M.	"	8.50 P. M.
"	" West	"	7,55 P. M.,	"	8.10 P. M.
Mail	" East	"	11.00 A. M.	"	11.20 A. M.
"	" West	"	6.30 P. M.,	"	6,50 P. M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express Train West, and Mail Train East and West.
INDIANA BRANCH TRAINS connect with Johnstown Accommodation Trains East and West, Express West, and Fast Line and Mail train East and West.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Proceedings of Council.

Special meeting, June 7, 1861.

Present—A. A. Smyth, R. Greenwood, Daniel Laughman and C. R. Hostetter.

On motion, *Resolved*, That Dr. Wm. R. Findley, Dr. J. T. Christy, C. J. Mann and Lewis Plack, be, and they are hereby, appointed a Board of Health for the year 1861.

Special meeting, June 10, 1861.

Present—A. A. Smyth, R. Greenwood, C. R. Hostetter, and N. J. Mervine.

On motion, *Resolved* That each occupant of property in the Borough be and is hereby required to sprinkle lime in their cellars, cesspools, and gutters near their premises, to prevent all impure, offensive, and unhealthy effluvia arising therefrom.

The following preamble and resolution was read, and, on motion, adopted, viz:

WHEREAS, A petition was received from sundry citizens of the Borough of Altoona, asking the town council to appropriate the sum of one hundred dollars out of the funds of the borough for the purpose of aiding in defraying the expences of celebrating the coming 4th of July in an appropriate and becoming manner,

AND WHEREAS, A petition was also received some time since from the Members of the "Good Will Fire Engine Co.", asking a donation from the funds of the borough to aid and assist them in liquidating the debt, of the said campany: therefore,

Resolved—That the Borough Council after due consideration, believe it to be out of their power legally to grant the prayer of the petitioners in the first case, and as to the second they consider it inexpediant at the present time to grant the prayer of the petitioners, as it would serve to embarrass the treasury with debt, not contemplated when the taxes were assessed for the present year—and would have a tendency to cripple their efforts in discharging debts of long standing, and contracts which must be promptly met.

Special meeting, June 24, 1861.

Present—John Allison, *Chief Burgess*; A. A. Smyth, R. Greenwood, C. R. Hostetter, Daniel Laughman and N. J. Mervine, *Council*.

The resignation of Joseph K. Ely, High Constable, was received, and, on motion, Joseph P. Trout was appointed and duly constituted High Constable for the remainder of the year, at the usual salary.

On motion, adjourned to meet on the first Monday evening of July, 1861.

Regular meeting, July 1, 1861.

Present—A. A. Smyth, C. R. Hostetter, N. J. Mervine and Daniel Laughman.

Two bills from the Gas and Water Company, for rent of water-plugs, were read, and, on motion laid on the table until a settlement could be effected with the Company.

On motion, A. A. Smyth and C. R. Hostetter were appointed a Committee to wait on the Gas and Water Company, for the purpose of affecting a settlement.

The following orders were granted, viz: One to Daniel Laughman, $20.71, for plank furnished the Borough; one to the viewers appointed by the Court of Quarter Sessions, to view and lay out streets and alleys, for $15.00; one to W. W. Snyder, $30.00; to Daniel Coyle, $23.50; to John Haney, $24.00; to Charles Maloy, 23.50; to John McCulloch, $23.50, for labor on streets; one to James Gwinn, Esq., $8.00, for making drafts of the Borough.

The Supervisor was instructed to repair Grant street, immediately.

On motion, *Resolved*, That the Gas and Water Company be and is hereby requested to put in two water-plugs on Adaline street, east of Annie, and one on Rebecca street, east of Annie.

On motion, adjourned to meet on the first Monday evening in August, 1861.—*Extract from the Minutes.*

☞ We have received lately a pamphlet written by Hon. Geo. Connell, member of the State Senate from the Fourth District of Philadelphia, and addressed to his constituents, entitled "A Brief Notice of what was done at Harrisburg during the Regular and Extra Sessions of 1861," in which Senator Connell, in referring to the Speaker of the Senate, Hon. L. W. Hall, from this District, pays him the following pretty compliment:

It requires not the gift of prophecy to foretell, that those who read these pages will hereafter become familiar with the name of one eminent in the service of his country, and covered with her most distinguished honors, who began his early career in public life as "*the Senator from Blair.*"

HISTORY OF THE PENN'A RAIL ROAD.—James E. Giffin, A. M., who visited this place a few weeks since, for the purpose of opening a select school for instruction in all the higher branches and also in military tactics, is, we learn, about to write a history of the Pennsylvania Rail Road. He has the ability to get up a readable and valuable work of this kind, and as all the needed information can be readily obtained, he can have it ready for the press in a short time.

EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS.—The examination of applicants for the public schools of Altoona will be held in one of the school rooms in West Ward, on Monday July 15th, commencing at 9 o'clock A. M. Eight teachers are to be elected—two male teachers for first grade—two female teachers for second grade—two male teachers and two female assistants for primary schools.

THE FOURTH IN ALTOONA.—The glorious Fourth was ushered in, in Altoona, amid the roll of drums, firing of guns, pistols, squibbs and everything that would make a noise, and the shouts of juveniles who thronged the streets long before the grey dawn. At four o'clock the different companies of "Home Guards" met at their armories and proceeded to selected localities to fire salutes at sunrise. Company A., Capt, Boyden, preceded by the Altoona Brass Band, marched to the top of the hill above East Ward and fired their salute. Company B., Capt Turner, marched to a vacant lot in East Ward for same purpose. Company D., Capt. Smyth, fired salutes with a small cannon and rifles in the different wards. At a quarter before eight o'clock, Company B met at their armory and marched to the Episcopal Church, where divine services were held, and an address appropriate to the occasion delivered by Rev. R. W. Oliver, Rector of the church. At the conclusion of the services, the company marched to the line of the Borough, on Allegheny street, and received the "Mountain Rangers" under command of Capt. Kough, with whom they paraded through the principal streets of the town, and returning to their armory at 11 o'clock, were dismissed for the day. Owing to a misunderstanding, the "Eldorado Guards," who arrived at 11 o'clock, were not regulary received. The next time they contemplate visiting Altoona, we hope they will make positive arrangements as to the time of their arrival, in order that all things may be done up in military style.

In reference to the pic nics and celebrations, four in number, we hardly know how to commence to describe them. There were as handsome fashionable, agreeable girls at one as at the others. There was music and dancing at three of the parties, but at which the best dancing was done we will not attempt to decide. There were cakes, pies and all kinds of eatables and luxuries at all points, but which excelled, our limited capacities and appetites would not allow us to judge. Suffice it to say, everything passed off most harmoniously and none who participated could have enjoyed themselves better anyplace else.

In the evening there was quite a display of fireworks in all parts of the town. Every one appeared to go into this matter on his own hook. The display in the Logan House square and in front of Mr. Wilson's residence, was very beautiful. But we cannot particularize all, therefore we will not be invidious.

We observed but few cases of intoxication, and have not heard of any quarrelling. A couple of patriotic chaps endeavored to get up a spree in the forenoon, but it ended in bluster and hard swearing.

TERRIBLE RAIL ROAD ACCIDENT.—Yesterday morning, as a freight train was coming west, about six miles east of this city, a rail broke, when the engine was capsized and broken, and a number of the freight cars were piled upon it. The engineer, Andrew Glosser, was scalded and bruised to such an extent that he died at the United States Hotel a few hours after the accident occurred. The fireman, Michael Rogers, of Altoona, was also scalded and otherwise injured, and is now lying at the United States Hotel, but it is thought will recover.—The cars took fire, and some eight of them, laden with Government stores, and consigned to J. R. Eby, were destroyed. The stores consisted mainly of groceries and provisions. The Citizen engine was taken down, and saved some of the property.

The man Glosser resided in Columbia, was a sober, industrious man, and leaves a family.

The accident was one of those which no human foresight could have avoided, yet it was one of rare occurrence on the Pennsylvania Rail Road.—*Harrisb'g Patriot & Union, 8th inst.*

For the Tribune.

A Wrong Impression.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I have heard a number of people in this place speak of one of the pic-nics held in a grove adjoining town, as the "Masonic Pic-Nic." Some of the persons concerned in the pic-nic referred to are, I believe, members of the Masonic order, and some of them are not. Whatever may have been connected with the pic-nic that was commendable, or of good report, the Masonic fraternity have no claim to, because it was only as individuals, and not as a fraternity, that they had part or lot in it. The same is true in regard to a pic-nic that was held in the same place last year, by the same party. A MASON.

ALTOONA, July 8th, 1861.

SUMMER BEVERAGE.—Here is a recipe for making ginger beer, a very wholesome and refreshing summer beer: Put two gallons of cold water into a pot upon the fire, add to it two ounces of good ginger bruised, and two pounds of white or brown sugar. Let all this come to boil, and continue boiling for about half an hour. Then skim the liquor and pour it into a jar or tub, along with one sliced lemon and half an ounce of cream of tartar. When nearly cold, put in a tea-cup full of yeast, to cause the liquor to work. The beer is now made, and after it has worked for two days, strain it and bottle it for use. Tie down the corks firmly.

OFFICERS ELECTED.—The following are the officers of Altoona Division, No 311, S of T., for the ensuing quarter:

W. P.—David Irons. W. A.—John Boyles. R. S.—David Galbraith. A. R.S.—Wm McCormick. F. S.—W. C. McCormick. T.—Michael Clabaugh, C.—Wm. Marshall. A. C.—Samuel Blake. J. S.—Uriah Hockinberry. O. S.—Thos. Hannon. Chaplain—A. H. Sembower.

CHEAP DRY-GOODS.—Messrs. Brownold and Sam, at Tuck's old stand, are now selling out a large stock of dry-goods, such as dress goods, white goods, embroideries, &c., at greatly reduced prices. The goods must positively be disposed of in twenty days, therefore bargains are offered.

LOST—On the fourth of July, a silver watch marked "D. B. S. Lepine, M. T. Tobias, Liverpool 32,877." The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this office, or returning it to the owner, Peter Lee, at Blair Furnace.

☞ Reader, have you seen Prof. Wood's advertisement in our paper. Read it; it will interest you.

List of Causes---July Term, 1861.

FIRST WEEK.

James J Dull vs Margery O'Friel Jr
Hays & Son vs Kirkpatrick & Sons
G W Graham vs E Hammond
Jos Dysart vs B O'Friel's heirs
S S Barr vs Samuel Henchy
T Banks vs F W Rauch
T Barnes vs Paul Mauk
Charles Hughes vs G L Lloyd
George Wehn vs Jane Beals
B O'Friel's Administratrix vs A M White & Co
C Garber's Executors vs Shoenperger's Exrs
Same vs A P Wilson

SECOND WEEK.

E J Bollinger vs Downs & Co
John Fox vs Union Insurance Company
Henry McMullen vs A McClain
McNamara's Adx vs Wm Lyon
Jacob Ressler vs Shoenberger's Exrs
D Good vs D Watson et al
Daniel K Ramey vs W W Jackson
John Brotherline vs Hagerty & Harmon
A M & R White vs R M Lemon & Co
E B Isett vs John Miller
J O'Donnell vs Dr J T Christy
Daniel Shannon vs Geo Wehn
Lewis Plack vs John D Hughes
Blair Co Iron and Coal Co vs R M Lemon
McFarlane's Admx vs Shoenberger's Exrs
James D Rea vs Kemp & Lust
Same vs C Lust
E S Lytle's Trustee vs Joseph Steel
John Wall vs Harris & Reed.
Alsop & Shriver vs Alex Dobbins
W P Dysart vs H Haupt et al
John Miller vs Penn'a R R Co
Chaffee, Stout & Co vs A Patterson
Kline & Carrol vs W Casey
G L Lloyd vs H McIntosh
Cornelius Wendell vs A M & R White & Co.
B Lorenz et al vs J L Hemphill et al
Ashby & Rocap vs H T Coffey
Geo W Mauk vs M B Lingenfelter
A Byers et al vs Evan Williams
Elias Baker vs David Trexler
J S Medara & Co vs John Brotherline
A L Holiday vs Same
Elizabeth McGraw vs J M Lindsey et al
Henry Irvin vs John Shoemaker
McLanahan, Watson & Co vs J Brotherline
Ellen Bouslough vs Jacob Bouslough
E Hoover's Administrator's vs J B Hoover et al
H Y Brady vs J K Ely
Peter Campbell vs Same
Devries, Stephens & Thomas vs H L Ake et al
C Campbell & Bro vs Tyrone & Clearfield R R Co
W Innes' Admr vs J C Innes' Exrs

List of Jurors---July Term, 1861.

GRAND JURORS.

Beegle Daniel, Allegheny
Cyphers Moses, Altoona
Crawford Armstrong, Tyrone tp
Dilling Isaac, Huston
Deeder David, Taylor
Dodson Samuel, Greenfield
Henchey Henry, Tyrone bor
Hart Ellis, Allegheny
Holder William, Snyder
Isett E B, Snyder
Kelley George P, Juniata
Kennedy William, Woodberry
Loudon William, Logan
Lingenfelter David, Juniata
Martin Henry B, Hollidaysburg
Marks John, Tyrone bor
McClelland John, Altoona
McFarland John R, Hollidaysburg.
Pruner E J, Tyrone bor
Reed Joseph, Hollidaysburg
Rolamer Wm, Altoona
Stifler Jacob H, Allegheny
Tussey Samuel C, Tyrone tp
Wertz John, Blair

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Acker George. Huston
Beyer Aaron, Antis
Burkholder John J, Logan
Bell Martin, Antis
Burbank George, Allegheny
Brook William H, Blair
Beyer F D, Antis
Blackburn Joseph, Hollidaysburg
Charles John, "
Cooper Samuel F, Woodberry
Crissman, Obed E, Logan
Chandler William, Altoona
Emigh Christian, Greenfield
Fouse Dewalt, Huston
Gwin George H, Logan
Glasgow James, Gaysport
Gibboney John M, Allegheny
Guyer Caleb, Snyder
Hoover Jacob, Huston
Haslett James, Tyrone bor
Hamilton David, Huston
Harker George H, Freedom
Hetrick John, Woodberry
Hemphill John L, Hollidaysburg
Harbison Henry sr, Woodberry
Haun Jacob, Allegheny
Irvine John E, Antis
Kemp John, Taylor
Kelley Joseph, Juniata
Keller John, Frankstown
Lowthe James, Altoona
Long Henry, Greenfield
Lindsey Jesse M, Hollidaysburg
Lantz William, Logan
Lewis John, snyder
Moore Ithamer, Altoona
Myers John, Snyder
Morrow George W, Tyrone tp
Myers Samuel, Taylor
McGraw John, Huston
Pressel Jacob (of Isaac), Greenfield
Rice David B, Taylor
Stone William, Hollidaysburg
Wike Michael, Huston
Wagoner Jacob, Altoona
Woomer George, Snyder
Yingling Abraham, Juniata

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Arthur Christopher, Greenfield
Bollinger Jacob, Hollidaysburg
Berlin Samuel, Tyrone Bor
Carr William, Logan
Domer Jacob, Antis
Ebaugh Jacob, Hollidaysburg
Earlenbaugh John, Taylor
Falkner John, Taylor
Graffius E. W., Tyrone Bor
Gheer John, Antis
Henry Franklin, Hollidaysburg
Haggerty Jacob, Catharine
Horrell Robert, Gaysport
Helsel Daniel, Freedom
Hileman Joseph, Frankstown
Hunter John, Antis
Hammond William, Catharine
Harlin Frazier, Freedom
Kerr R A O, Altoona
Klepser Frederick, N. Woodberry
Lafferty Henry, Gaysport
Malone Charles B, Freedom
McFarland John, Snyder
Mulholland David, Antis
McIntyre Jacob Esq, Martinsburg
Mardin Jacob L Esq, Taylor
Olmus Frederick Jr, Gaysport
Patterson James H, Catharine
Plummer James S, Snyder
Patterson Anderson Woodberry
Roller Joshua H, Catharine
Reifsnyder Joshua L, Altoona
Robeson Joseph, Frankstown
Roller Joshua, Woodberry
Singer Absalom, Altoona
Stehely Martin L, Frankstown
Shiffler Wm, Taylor
Shink Joseph, Snyder

MARRIED:

On the 27th ult., by the Rev. W. Lee Spotswood, Mr. DAVID HART to Miss SARAH McPHERREN, both of this place.

There are exceptions to all general rules, but it will be found that there are as few exceptions to that rule which makes a remembrance of the printer, on occasions like the above, the forerunner of future happiness, as to any other, consequently we may predict for our young friends a happy journey through life, and express the hope that they may be long spared to enjoy each others society. They have our thanks for that beautiful and excellent cake.

On Tuesday morning, the 2d instant, by the same, Mr. SAMUEL CALDWELL to Miss CAROLINE BROTHERTON.

On the 4th instant, by J. M. Cherry, *Esq.*, Mr. DAVID BURNS, of Antis township, to Miss LYDIA A. HOUSEMAN, of Logan township.

Our friends above named have chosen a very fortunate and auspicious day for the celebration of their nuptials. They could not have taken this important step under happier auspices. May the day which commemorates the birth of the American Union, prefigure a long and prosperous union to the happy pair. We wish them a successful voyage over the stormy sea of life, with all the joys and raptures incident to the marriage relations in full fruition.

J. M. COOPER.....J. MILLIKEN.

COAL! COAL!—Having taken the Coal-Yard of F. Nothwang, at the upper end of the Altoona Yard, we are prepared to furnish the public with a good article of Bituminous Coal, either at the Yard or at their residences—as may be desired. ☞ Terms Cash. Call on F. Nothwang. JAS. M. COOPER & CO.
July 11, 1861.–tf.

ESTRAY COW.—Strayed away from the residence of the subscriber, in Altoona, on the 11th ult., a middling sized Dark Brindle COW, about five years old, with a white stripe across her forehead, well shaped horns, end of tail white, also mark of cut on tail for wolf disease.
A suitable reward will be paid for the delivery of the Cow, or for information where she may be found.
July 11, 1861–3t PHILIP HALTON.

STORE FOR SALE.—The subscriber, desirous of going out of business on account of failing health, offers for sale, at a bargain, the entire stock of goods in his Store-Room, on the corner of Branch and Annie streets, East Altoona, together with a lease of the Store-Room for a term of from one to ten years, as may be desired. The location is one of the best in the town, and the stock of goods first-class. They will be sold by the lot, or at Philadelphia cost prices—carriage off. Call immediately, or apply by letter to J. E. ICKES.
Altoona, July 11, 1861.–3t.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Altoona Post Office, July 9, 1861.

Ambrose, Chas	Jones, Chas H
Anhiser, G W 3	Jenkins, Isaac 2
Anguish, Jacob	Johnston, Catharine
Ackers, R A	Jeffery, Rev C
Ainslaugh, M E	Jetterey, Mary E
Ball, Charles	Kelly, John
Boodey, J W	Klotz, Leah
Ballies, Fannie S	Lyons, James
Bush, A	Leymon, A J
Belard, Ann	Leidy, John
Bottoff, Emily	Miller, Frederick
Bottoff, J G	Moore, John
Barnes, E W	Moore, Elizabeth J
Baly, Jane	Miller, B J F
Bollinger, G G	Miller, John
Bollinger, George	Moore, James
Copper, John	McDonald, Jack C E
Colabine, James	McConnell, Elizabeth
Cares, N V	McAleroners, Mathew
Cox, S M	McBain, Jno
Crale, Margaret	Ott, Conrad
Creighton, Mary M	Ott, Catharine
Dalton, Dr C F	Phillips, Chaplain
Davis, Mrs Eliza Jane	Plassyck, John
Davis, Vincent 2	Randolph, John
Eaton, Miss Kate 2	Reojk, Wm
Eberle, Alexander	Swiers, James
Elliott, John	Sanders, John
Foner, John	Shaw, Margaret
Flaugh, Miss Josephine	Sharpless, J M
Gardner, Wm	Smatt, A
Giles, Edward	Smith, Thomas
Gallagher, Michael	Smith, Annie Bell
Graham, Eliza	Smith, Miss Annie
Greenwood, John 2	Schmidt, Lewis
Goldsmith, Moyer 3	Turner, B H
Goodwin, Charles E	Updike, Emma
Galbraith, Sarah A	Wagoner, Miss Jennie R
Hartman, Abraham	Wagoner, Miss Kate
Hensley, E	Wilkox, Jacob R
Hips, Miss F	Warren, Lewis A
Hayetton, Doyle P	Wolf, Rev O T B
Heathcoat, George	Wakefield, Geo M
Henderson, Mary	Werts, Tobias H
Hercil, Mr	Williams, J
Haky, Susan,	99

Persons calling for letters on this list will please say "advertised."
July 11.–1t G. W. PATTON, P. M.

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S
RESTORATIVE CORDIAL
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR.

IS precisely what its name indicates, for while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies, reinstates and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all.

So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted *so as to act in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence soothe the weakest stomach* and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables, and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. As a sure preventive and cure of

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, Loss OF APPETITE, FAINTNESS, NERVOUS IRRITABILITY, NEURALGIA, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, MELANCHOLY, NIGHT SWEATS, LANGUOR, GIDDINESS, AND ALL THAT CLASS OF CASES SO FRAUFULLY FATAL CALLED FEMALE WEAKNESS, AND IRREGULARITIES.

THERE IS NOTHING ITS EQUAL.

Also, Liver Derangements or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidney, or any general derangement of the Urinary organs.

It will not only cure the debility following CHILLS and FEVER, but prevent all attacks arising from Miasmatic influences, and cure the diseases at once, if already attacked.

Travelers should have a bottle with them, as it will infallibly prevent any deleterious consequences following upon change of climate and water.

As it prevents costiveness, strengthens the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits.

Ladies not accustomed to much out-door exercise should always use it.

Mothers should use it, for it is a perfect relief, taken a month or two before the final trial, she will pass the dreadful period with perfect ease and safety.

There is no mistake about it.

THE CORDIAL IS ALL WE CLAIM FOR IT!
MOTHERS TRY IT!!

And to you we appeal, to detect the illness or decline not only of your daughters before it be too late, but also your sons and husbands, for while the former from false delicacy, often go down to a premature grave, rather than let their condition be known in time, the latter are often so mixed up with the excitement of business, that if it were not for you, they too, would travel in the same downward path until it is too late to arrest their fatal fall. But the mother is always vigilant, and to you we confidently appeal; for we are sure your never-failing affection will unerringly point you to PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR as the remedy which should always be on hand in time of need.

O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis. Price $1 per bottle.
For sale in Altoona by A. ROUSH, Agent, and all good Druggists. [June 27, 1861.–1yeow

LADIES' WINE.
SPEER'S SAMBUCI WINE,
OF CULTIVATED PORTUGAL ELDER.

EXCELLENT WINE FOR FEMALES.

EVERY FAMILY SHOULD USE
SPEER'S SAMBUCI WINE.
CELEBRATED for its medicinal and beneficial qualities as a genuine Stimulant, Tonic, Diuretic and Sudorific, highly esteemed by eminent physicians, and some of the first families in Europe and America.

SPEER'S SAMBUCI WINE

is not a mixture or manufactured article, but is pure, from cultivated Portugal Elder, recommended by Chemists and Physicians as possessing medical properties superior to any other wines in use, and an excellent article for all weak and debilitated persons, and the aged and infirm, improving the appetite, and benefiting ladies and children.

A LADIES' WINE,

because it will not intoxicate as other wines, as it contains no mixture of spirits or other liquors, and is admired for its rich peculiar flavor and nutritive properties, imparting a healthy tone to the digestive organs, and a blooming, soft and healthy skin and complexion.

None genuine unless the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic, N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

MAKE ONE TRIAL OF THIS WINE.

A. SPEER, Proprietor,
Office 208 Broadway, New York.

☞ For sale by A. ROUSH, Altoona; GEO. W. PATTERSON and GEO. A. JACOBS, Hollidaysburg; and by W. NOWLIN & CO., Tyrone. [je27–1y

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK.
R. O. A. KERR
HAS JUST RETURNED FROM New York city with a beautiful assortment of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS
FOR THE LADIES,
consisting in part of

Tail De Ete, Japanese,
Pekin Stripe, De Cheeres,
Irish Poplins, Duppit,
Lavellas, Velords,
Grape DeBege, Lawns, Silks, &c.

INDIAN SILK SHAWLS,
a beautiful article, cheap and fashionable,
STELLA AND PRINTED SHAWLS.
A large assortment of the prettiest PRINTS ever brought to the town, so acknowledged by competent judges.
Ladies' Trimmings in endless variety.
He calls special attention to his beautiful assortment of
QUEENSWARE,
which is acknowledged to be the most complete of any in the town, and sold at prices defying competition. Iron Stone sets for $4.50—Tea Sets for $3.00.
BOOTS AND SHOES,
directly from New York, and bought from first hands, BRUSSELS, ALL WOOL INGRAIN, LIST, HEMP AND RAG CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS from 1 to 2 yards wide.
His stock of
GROCERIES
is complete in every respect, and will so sold at as low a figure as any house this side of the city.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES
at lower prices than they can be had elsewhere. Good Carriages for $4.00 and $4.50, and Spring Carriages for $5.00, just as good as heretofore sold for $8.00.
Wooden and Willow Ware
in almost every variety, together with all the outfit of a first class store. [May 9, 1861–tf

AUCTION GOODS
VERY CHEAP AT
McCormick's Store, in East Altoona!

JUST OPENED A VERY LARGE and complete assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting of British, French and American Dry Goods, selected with great care to suit this region of country. In the line of Ladies Dress Goods for quality and price, they will surpass.

Mantillas, Dusters, Shawls, White Goods, Embroideries, Irish Linens, Linen Handkerchiefs, Hoopskirts, Clothes, Cassimeres, Kentucky Jeans, Prints, Ginghams, Muslins, Flannels, Etc., Etc.

Boots & Shoes in all their various make and material for Men & Boys' as well as Ladies, Misses and Children.

Ready Made Clothing,
a full assortment to suit the season, with Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, Parasols, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Matting, Brooms, Buckets, Tubs, Tin Ware, Queensware, Hard Ware, Stone Ware, Market Baskets, Zink Rubbers, Brushes, Clothes Lines, &c., with all articles necessary to make up a full assortment to meet the wants of the people.
ALSO, a complete
FAMILY GROCERY,
which will have our special attention, first in buying and selecting the best, and freshest articles as well as keeping it up at all times. Coffees of the very best and richest varieties.
TEAS,
Black and Green of the best quality and flavor. Sugars good and cheap; common Brown at 6, good at 8 cents, common white 10 cents.

Syrups and Baking Molasses,

from the best Loverings at 62½, to the lowest grade at 40 cents. Cornstarch, Dryed Peaches, Dryed Apples, Farrena, Bacon, Dryed Beef, Mackarel, Herring, Lake Fish & Dry Fish, Window Glass, different sizes, &c., all of which will be sold very low for cash, or exchanged for Produce.
Always on hand, Spoor & Halls celebrated Iron Plows. Persons visiting town would do well before making their selections to call and examine our stock, as we will be pleased to see them free of charge. Very thankful for past favors, we respectfully solicit a continuance of public patronage.
Altoona, April 18th, 1861–tf.

Cheap! Cheaper!! Cheapest!!!

HUZZA FOR NORTH WARD.—The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and the surrounding country that he has rented the store room formerly occupied by Jacob Burkhart, on Virginia street, near A. McCormick's store, where he is about opening a

Grocery, Flour, Feed and Provision Store.

He has just returned from the East where he has been selecting his groceries with great care and buying exclusively for cash, which enables him to sell as low, if not a little lower, than any house in the place. He would therefore say to all who wish a good article of groceries, and at a low figure, to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.
His stock consists of

Hats and Caps, Men and Women's Shoes, Notions of all kinds.

Extra Family Flour, Superfine, Corn Meal, Rye and Corn Chop.

Extra Lovering Syrup Molasses,		60	cents	per gal.
Golden	" "	45	" "	"
Pennsylvania	" "	55	" "	"
Baking	"	37½	" "	"
White Crush Sugar		11	"	lb.
White	"	10	" "	"
Refined	"	10	" "	"
Best Brown	"	8	" "	"
Cuba	"	7	" "	"
Rio Coffee		15 to 16	" "	"
Best Imperial Teas		90	" "	"
2nd quality	"	75	" "	"
Black	"	50	" "	"

Rosin and Castile Soap. Raisins, Figs, Almonds, Filberts, English Walnuts, Cream Nuts, Mackerel, Herring, Lake Trout, Dairy Salt, Cheese, and everything that is necessarily kept in a good family grocery.
April 3, '61–tf.] J. A. SPRANKLE.

HAT & CAP EMPORIUM,
JESSE SMITH, Proprietor.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES OF HATS and CAPS constantly on hand. It is the determination of the proprietor of this Emporium to keep up with the times and fashions, and to do this he spares no expense. He has just received his supply of

SPRING AND SUMMER HATS AND CAPS,
among which will be found styles and qualities to suit the tastes of old or young, plain or fashionable.
To give the names, colors, qualities and styles of all his goods in this line, would only confuse the reader, and he would not then understand or appreciate the diversity and magnitude of his stock. It must be seen to be believed.—Go and see Jesse if you want to see a live hatter and a fashionable stock.
He has also a fine assortment of CHILDREN'S HATS and FLATS, to which he invites the attention of solicitous mothers. At his store they will find something which will excel all their neighbors in the way of fashion and beauty. Go, mothers, and examine and select from Jesse Smith's stock.
Store on Virginia Street, opposite the Lutheran Church.
May 9, 1861.

DR. CALDERWOOD offers his Professional Services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity. Office on *Virginia Street*, nearly opposite C. J. Mann's Store.

REFERENCES:
J. B. LUDEN, M. D., Huntingdon.
Jno. McCULLOCH, M. D., "
H. T. COPPEY, " Pittsburgh.
Rev. J. B. CHEST, Birmingham.
Rev. THOMAS STEVENSON, Tyrone City.
JACOB BURKLEY, "
C. GUYER, "
W. BURLEY, "
M. H. JOLLY, "
Altoona, May 9th, 1861–3m

FASHIONABLE MILLINARY &
TRIMMING Store, on Virginia street, Altoona, opposite J. B. Hileman's store. The subscriber having purchased with great care, an entire new stock of Ladies dress goods, and Trimmings; also a large assortment of Bonnets and Ribbons, Fine French Work, Collars and Undersleeves in sets, Gloves, Mitts, Hosiery, Skirts, &c., all of the latest stiles, and in great varieties, are now open for the examination of the ladies; all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Ladies desiring goods of the above named should call on the undersigned and suit themselves before purchasing elsewhere. MRS. ELIZABETH EABY.
Altoona, April 25, 1861–3m.

PUMPS! PUMPS!—THE UNDER-
signed would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he is prepared to put in
PUMP STOCKS,
of any length, at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Having had long experience in the business, he warrants all his work to give satisfaction.
Persons desiring work done can leave their orders with Esquire McClelland, or call upon the subscriber at his residence on Emma street, a few doors from the Methodist Church. BENJAMIN McMAHAN.
Altoona, March 21, 1861–3m

TWO SMALL HOUSES AND LOTS for sale. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER.
Sept. 29, 1860–tf. At the Post Office.

Cephalic Pills
CURE
Sick Headache,
CURE
Nervous Headache
CURE
All kinds of
Headache.

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of *Nervous or sick Headache* may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the *Nausea* and *Headache* to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the bowels,—removing *Costiveness*. For *Literary Men, Students*, Delicate Females, and all persons of *sedentary habits*, they are valuable as a *Laxative*, improving the *appetite*, giving *tone* and *vigor* to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with pefect safety without making any change of diet, *and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.*

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each Box.

Sold by Druggists and all other Dealers in Medicines.

A Box will be sent by mail prepared on receipt of the

PRICE 25 CENTS.

All orders should be addressed to
HENRY C. SPALDING,
Nov. 15, '60.–1y.] 48 Cedar Street New York.

THE FOLLOWING ENDORSEMENTS OF
SPALDING'S
CEPHALIC PILLS,
WILL CONVINCE ALL WHO SUFFER FROM
HEADACHE,
THAT A
SPEEDY AND SURE CURE
IS WITHIN THEIR REACH.

As these Testimonials were unsolicited by Mr. SPALDING, they afford unquestionable proof of the efficacy of this truly scientific discovery.

MASONVILLE, CONN., Feb. 5, 1861.

MR. SPALDING.
SIR:
I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and *I like them so well* that I want you to send me two dollars worth more.
Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few out of the first box I got from you.
Send the Pills by mail, and oblige
Your obedient Servant,
JAMES KENNEDY.

HAVERFORD, PA., Feb. 6, 1861.

MR. SPALDING.
SIR:
I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills, *I have received a great deal of benefit from them.*
Yours, Respectfully,
MARY ANN STOIKHOUSE.

SPRUCE CREEK, HUNTINGDON Co., PA., Jan. 18, 1861.

H. C. SPALDING.
SIR:
You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately.
Respectfully yours,
JOHN B. SIMONS.
P. S.—*I have used one box of your Pills, and find them excellent.*

BELLE VERNON, OHIO, Jan. 15, 1861.

HENRY C. SPALDING, Esq.
Please find inclosed twenty-five cents, for which send me another box of your Cephalic Pills. *They are truly the best Pills I ever tried.* Direct
A. STOVER, P. M.
Belle Vernon, Wyandott Co., O.

BEVERLY, MASS., Dec. 11, 1861.

H. C. SPALDING, ESQ.
I wish for some circulars or large show bills, to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers. If you have anything of the kind, please send to me.
One of my customers, who is subject to severe Sick Headache, (usually lasting two days,) *was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills*, which I sent her.
Respectfully yours,
W. B. WILKES.

REYNOLDSBURG, FRANKLIN Co., OHIO, Jan. 9, 1861.

HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar st., N. Y.
DEAR SIR:
Inclosed find twenty-five cents, (25,) for which send one box of "Cephalic Pills." Send to address of Rev. Wm. C. Filler, Reynoldsbur

HARD TIMES

MADE EASY!

Good News for the Unemployed!

1000 Chances to make Money!

ONE MILLION DOLLARS

WORTH OF

WATCHES,

JEWELRY

AND

SILVER-PLATED WARE,

TO BE DISPOSED OF ON

AN ENTIRELY NEW

AND

ORIGINAL PLAN!

2,500 AGENTS WANTED!!!

All persons desirous of securing an Agency in this

New Enterprise

Should send on their names at once, enclosing a 3 cent stamp to pay postage, and receive by return of mail

A PREMIUM

CATALOGUE

Containing

OUR INDUCEMENTS,

Which afford

A RARE CHANCE

TO MAKE

MONEY

without risk, together with

FULL PARTICULARS

Relative to this

NOVEL PLAN!

To insure prompt and satisfactory dealings, direct all orders to

GEORGE G. EVANS,
439 Chestnut Street,
Philadelphia.

HUTTER'S
STATE CAPITOL
BOOK BINDERY,
AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY,

No. 54 Market St., Harrisburg, Pa.

This establishment is chiefly devoted to the manufacture of Blank Books for Banks, County Offices, Railroad Companies, and private individuals. In all cases the very best of stock and workmanship may be relied upon. Blank Books printed, paged and bound to any desired pattern. Sheriff's, Attorneys and Justices Dockets of all sizes, made and ruled to order. Tri-ennial and Yearly Assessments, Duplicates, &c., for county purposes, printed or plain, ruled and bound to order. County Dockets made of the best linen paper.

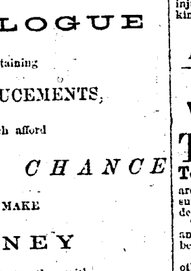
Librarians, and others, desiring to have their Books well bound and at moderate prices, should give us a call. Newspapers of the largest sizes, Harper's Weekly, Gleason's Pictorial, Ballous, Scientific American, London News, bound to order, and in any style required. Harper's Monthly Magazine, Knickerbocker, Blackwood's and Graham's Magazines, Godey's Lady's Book, Lady's Repository, Peterson's Magazine, Piano Music, &c., bound in extra styles, or the more plain and substantial half binding. Select Pamphlets, Law Magazines, Pamphlet laws, bound in good library style, at very moderate prices. Persons having a number of volumes to bind, will receive a liberal discount. Binding can safely be sent to us from a distance by Express, and all work entrusted to our care will be speedily executed, safely packed and returned by Express.—All work warranted. Address F. L. HUTTER,
Harrisburg, Pa.

☞ McCRUM & DERN, at the *Tribune* Office, are my agents for Altoona, and vicinity. They will give information in relation to binding, and receive and return books free from extra charges, for all who entrust their work to my care. [March 21, 1861-1y

---

JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,

The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!



I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor, as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined, always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to fit me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of the "Brant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.

Altoona, May 26-3m JACOB SNYDER.

SPRING OF 1861.

WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!

The Largest Assortment and Lowest Prices in Pittsburgh. Come and see.

WALTER P. MARSHALL,
No. 87, Wood Street,
(Near Fourth, at the Old Stand,)

Has for sale beautiful French, German & American

WALL PAPERS,

For Parlors,
Halls,
Chambers,
Churches,
Lodges,

50,000 rolls at 12½ cts. 50,000 rolls at 6, 8 and 10 cents.

Window Curtains, Fire Board Prints,
Tester Covers, Ceilings, &c.

☞ Look for the Striped Front.

Altoona, March 7, 1861-6m.

Wall Paper and Border.

AN UNUSUALLY LARGE STOCK of the

LATEST SPRING STYLES,

Just received, which will be sold cheaper than ever by March 21, 1861-tf. J. & J. LOWTHER.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry and ground oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERvers for sale at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

PROF. L. MILLER'S
HAIR INVIGORATOR!!

AN EFFECTIVE, SAFE AND ECONOMICAL COMPOUND.

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR to its original color without dyeing, and preventing the hair from turning gray.

FOR PREVENTING BALDNESS, and curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality or recuperative energy remaining.

FOR REMOVING SCURF AND DANDRUFF, and all cutaneous affections at the Scalp.

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR, imparting to it an unequalled gloss and brilliancy, making it soft and silky in its texture and causing it to curl readily.

The great celebrity and the increasing demand for this unequalled preparation, convince the proprietor that one trial is only necessary to satisfy a discerning public of its superior qualities over any other preparation at present in use. It cleanses the head and scalp from *dandruff and other cutaneous diseases*, causes the hair to grow luxuriently, and gives it a rich, soft, glossy flexible appearance, and also where the hair is loosening and thining, it will give strength and vigor to the roots, and restore the growth to those parts which have become bald, causing it to yield a *fresh covering of hair*.

There are hundreds of ladies and gentlemen in New York who have had their hair restored by the use of this Invigorator, when all other preparations had failed. L. M. has in his possession letters innumerable testifying to the above facts, from persons of the highest respectability. It will effectually prevent the *hair from turning gray* until the latest period of life; and in cases where the hair has already changed its color, the use of the Invigorator will with certainty *restore it to its original hue*, giving it a dark, glossy appearance. As a perfume for the toilet and a Hair Restorative it is particularly recommended, having an agreeable fragrance; and the great facilities it affords in *dressing the hair*, which, when moist with the Invigorator can be dressed in any required form so as to preserve its place, whether plain or in curls—hence the great demand for it by the ladies as a *standard toilet article* which none ought to be without, as the price places it within the reach of all, being.

ONLY 25 CENTS

per bottle, to be had at all respectable druggists and perfumers.

L. MILLER would call the attention of Parents and Guardians to the use of the Invigorator, in cases where the childrens' Hair inclines to be weak. The use of it lays the foundation for *a good head of hair*, as it removes any impurities that may have become connected with the scalp, the removal of which is necessary both for the health of the child, and the future appearance of its Hair.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the fac simile LOUIS MILLER being on the outer wrapper; also, L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR, N. Y. blown in the glass.

Wholesale Depot, 56 Dey St., and sold by all the principal Merchants and Druggists throughout the world.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity.

I also desire to present to the American Public my

New and Improved Instantaneous
LIQUID HAIR DYE

which after years of scientific experimenting I have brought to perfection. It dyes Black or Brown instantly without injury to the Hair or Skin, warranted the best article of the kind in existence.

Price, Only 50 Cents.

Aug 23, '60-1y. Depot, 56 Dey St., New York.

LABOR-SAVING
WASHING MACHINE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING purchased the right for Blair county, of

Tolhurst's Improved Washing Machine,

are now manufacturing them at Altoona, and intend to supply them to those persons throughout the county who desire a LABOR-SAVING MACHINE.

This machine is got up on an entirely new principle, and is considered, by those who have seen it in use, the best that has ever been brought before the public.

Among the many advantages of this machine over all others may be mentioned the following:

1st. Its simplicity of construction, making it almost impossible to get out of order.

2d. Its speed, which astonishes alike the operator and the looker on.

3rd. The facility with which it adapts itself to the bulk or quntity of clothes desired to be washed.

4th. It washes equally well the finest and lightest fabric or the coarsest and heaviest, such as bed-quilts, comforts, blankets, &c.

McMINN & DERN,
Altoona, Blair County, Pa.

We the undersigned, hereby certify that we are now using Tolhurst's Improved Washing Machine and are fully satisfied that it is a very excellent article of the kind; combining as it does great speed with little labor, and performing its work in the most satisfactory manner. We therefore cheerfully recommend it to all who desire a real labor-saving washing machine.

JOHN WOODS. EMILE TIETZE.
MICHAEL CALVERT, THOS. McAULEY,
JOSEPH G. ADLUM. DANIEL PRICE.
R. A. O. KERR.

Bargains! Bargains!!

AT

McCORMICK'S STORE!

NOW IN ORDER TO GET RID of Fall and Winter Goods, to make room for Spring and Summer, they will sell all articles of

HEAVY GOODS

for cost; such as Heavy made Clothing for men and boys, with

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

such as Coburg Cloths, Delaines, &c., with a variety of Hats, Caps, Bonnets trimmed and not trimmed, with a great variety of goods too tedious to mention; and on or about the 12th or 15th of March, we will wind up the balance of all such goods at Auction. All persons wishing to purchase such articles, would do well to call and examine the stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

Altoona, Feb. 28, '61-tf.

S. M. WOODKOK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.,

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SEVERAL Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties.

Having had several years' experience in the practice of the Law, he expects to merit public patronage.

Office on ANNIE STREET, 3 doors above the Post Office.

Sept. 6, 1860.-tf.

W. M. LLOYD & CO., *ALTOONA, PA.,*
JOHNSTON, JACK & CO., *HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.,*

BANKERS,

(*Late "Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co."*)

DRAFTS ON THE PRINCIPAL Cities, and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made. Moneys received on deposite, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates.

Feb. 3d, 1859

G. W. KESSLER—PRACTICAL DRUGGIST, respectfully announces to the citizens of Altoona and the public generally, that he still continues the Drug business, on Virginia street, where he keeps constantly on hand, for sale, Wholesale and Retail, DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, OILS, VARNISHES and DYE-STUFFS.

By strict attention to business, and a desire to render satisfaction to all as regards price and quality, he hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Physicians and merchants supplied on reasonable terms, and all orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded. [1-tf.

WM. S. BITTNER,
DENTAL SURGEON.

OFFICE IN THE MASONIC TEMPLE, next door to the Post Office.

☞ A Student wanted. [Dec. 23, '58.-tf.

J. G. ADLUM,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman.

October 1, 1857.

DRS. CONRAD & CAMERON RESPECTFULLY offer their professional services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity. Office on Railroad street, two doors east of the Red Lion Hotel, where they may be consulted at all hours, except when professionally engaged.

Sept. 6, 1860.-tf.

ROBES! ROBES!

Just received a fine lot of Buffalo Robes, which we will sell at from $4 to $10 a piece. Two doors below the Post Office. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

Jan. 3, 1861.

FOR SALE.—A HOUSE AND LOT, desirably located in the Borough of Altoona. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER.

Altoona, Feb. 9, 1860-tf.

HAIR OILS, COLOGNES, POMades, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by

1-tf] G. W. KESSLER.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses and Shoulder Braces for sale at

1-tf G. W. KESSLER'S.

MOFFAT'S
LIFE PILLS and PHŒNIX BITTERS.

THESE MEDICINE HAVES NOW been before the public for a period of thirty years, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the globe, for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases in which the

VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES

are well known to be infallible.

DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure, healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind; FLATULENCY, Loss or Appetite, Heartburn, Headache, Restlessness, Ill Temper, Anxiety, Langour, and Melancholy, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.

COSTIVENESS, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence; all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days.

FEVERS of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of respiration in such cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstruction in others.

The Life Medicines have been known to cure RHEUMATISM permanently in three weeks, and GOUT in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints.

DROPSIES of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of GRAVEL.

Also WORMS, by dislodging from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter to which these creatures adhere.

SCURVY, ULCERS and INVETERATE SORES, by the perfect purity which these LIFE MEDICINES give to the blood, and all the humors.

SCORBUTIC ERUPTIONS and BAD COMPLEXIONS, by their alterative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the morbid state of which occasions all eruptive complaints, sallow, cloudy, and other disagreeable complexions.

The use of these Pills for a very short time will effect an entire cure of SALT RHEUM, and a striking improvement in the clearness of the skin. COMMON COLDS and INFLUENZA will always be cured by one dose, or by two in the worst cases.

PILES.—The original proprietor of these medicines, was cured of Piles, of 35 years standing, by the use of the Life Medicines alone.

FEVER & AGUE.—For this scourge of the Western country, these medicines will be found a safe, speedy and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease—a cure by these medicines is permanent—try them, be satisfied, and be cured.

BILLIOUS FEVERS and LIVER COMPLAINTS.—General debility, loss of appetite and diseases of females—the medicines have been used with the most beneficial results in cases of this description.—Kings Evil and Scrofula, in its worst forms, yields to the mild yet powerful action of these remarkable Medicines. Night Sweats, Nervous Debility, Nervous Complaints of all kinds. Palpitation of the Heart, Painters' Colic, are specially cured.

MERCURIAL DISEASES.—Persons whose constitutions have become impaired by the injudicious use of Mercury, will find these medicines a perfect cure, as they never fail to eradicate from the system, all the effects of Mercury, infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparation of Sarsaparilla.

Prepared and sold by W. B. MOFFAT.
335 Broadway, New York.

For sale by all Druggists. [Sept. 12, 1860-1y.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Aug. 19, 1858-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

GROCERY, PROVISION, AND WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM the public that he has purchased the interest of A. MILLIRON in the Grocery and Provision Store heretofore kept by them on Virginia street, below Caroline St., where he will continue the business, and will keep constantly on hand a large supply of

FLOUR, HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
DRIED BEEF, FISH, SALT, MOLASSES, COFFEE, TEA,
SUGAR, SPICES, CONFECTIONARIES,

and everything usually kept in Grocery and Provision Stores, all of which he receives fresh from the eastern and western cities, and will sell at the most reasonable prices.

Having recently obtained license to sell liquor by wholesale. I will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of liquors of the best qualities to be had.

I respectfully solicit a share of public custom.

July 12, 1860.-6m. J. BERKOWITZ.

SOMETHING NEW.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST returned from the east where he has purchased a very large and fine stock of

BOOTS & SHOES,

Brogans, Gaiters, &c.,

which he is prepared to offer to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity at very low prices. Having purchased direct from the manufacturers for cash, he is prepared to sell at prices that will defy competition. All that he asks is that the people will call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ BOOTS and SHOES made to order on the most reasonable terms. Also, repairing promptly attended to.

Don't forget the place, two doors below Post Office.

Jan. 3, 1861. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

Literary Emporium and News Depot
CONFECTIONARY, SEGAR, TOBACCO,
JEWELRY & VARIETY
STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBER CONTINUES to keep constantly on hand all the best literary papers and periodicals, daily papers from Philadelphia, New York and Pittsburgh, together with a good assortment of Books. All the School Books used in this place and vicinity always on hand.

Also, a choice lot of Confectionaries, and knick knacks of all kinds for children. Also the best Tobacco & Segars to be had in town, together with a fine assortment of Gold and Silver Pencils, Gold Rings and other articles of Jewelry. Call and examine. H. FETTINGER.

Altoona, July 26, '60-1y. *No. 1 Altoona House.*

☞ *To Persons out of Employment.* ☜

AGENTS WANTED,
In eve y County of the United States,

TO ENGAGE IN THE SALE OF some of the best and most elegantly illustrated works published.

Our publications are of the most interesting character, adapted to the wants of the Farmer, Mechanic and Merchant; they are published in the best style and bound in the most substantial manner, and are worthy a place in the library of every household in the land.

☞ To men of enterprise and industrious habits, this business offers an opportunity for profitable employment seldom to be met with.

☞ Persons desiring to act as agents will receive promptly by mail full particulars, terms, &c., by addressing

LEARY, GETZ & Co., *Publishers,*
No. 224, North Second Street, Philadelphia.

Nov. 25th, '60—6m.

LANDS! LANDS!! LANDS!!!

The undersigned is prepared to locate LAND WARRANTS in the Omaha and Nebraska City Land Offices.—Good selections can now be made near the large streams and settlements. The Lands of this Territory, now in Market, are of the best quality.

☞ Selections carefully made. Letters of inquiry requested. ALEX. F. McKINNEY.

OREAPOLIS, Cass County, N. Ter.

July 14, 1859.-tf

REFERENCES:

Rev. A. B. CLARK, Altoona, Pa.
WM. M. LLOYD & Co., Bankers, Altoona, Pa.
McCRUM & DERN, Editors, "
THOS. A. SCOTT, Supt. P. R. R., "
D. McMURTRIE, Esq., Huntingdon, Pa.

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Insurance on Real or personal property will be effected on the most reasonable terms by their agents in Altoona at his office in Anna St.

March 17, 1859. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.

Jan. 24, '56-tf]

O YES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [Jan. 2 '56.

GROCERIES.—A LARGE AND complete assortment of Groceries have just been received at the store of J. B. HILEMAN.

ALL THE STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES AT 1-tf KESSLER'S.

NEW STOCK OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
AT HILEMAN'S.

THE SUBSCRIBER INFORMS HIS customers, and the public generally, that he has just received a large and beautiful assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which, for magnificence, extent and variety, have never before been excelled in Blair county. Particular attention is invited to our stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Such as Black and Fancy Silks, Challies, Berages, Brilliants, Lawns, Delaines, Chintzs, DeBeges, Crapes, Prints, Crape and Stella Shawls, Mantillas, Undersleeves and Hosiery, Bonnets and Ribbons, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Hooped Skirts, Skirting, Lace Mitts, &c., &c.

FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

We have Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tweeds, Jeans, &c. Heads of families would do well to call and examine our stock of Winter Goods for Boys.

Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Glassware, Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Oil Cloths, Carpets, &c., in any quantity and at prices that cannot fail to please.

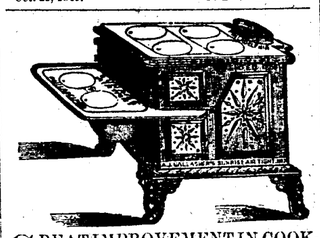
GROCERIES.

Our stock of Groceries is more extensive than ever, and consists of Rio and Java Coffee, Crushed, Loaf and N. O Sugars; Green, Y. H. and Black Teas; Molasses, Soaps, Candles, Salt, Fish, &c.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, he hopes by strict attention to business, and an endeavor to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.

Oct. 25, 1860. J. B. HILEMAN.



GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN COOKING STOVES.

CONSUMPTION OF SMOKE AND GAS AND SAVING OF FUEL.

The subscriber takes pleasure in offering to the public NEW GAS AND SMOKE CONSUMING Cooking Stove, recently patented, which is destined to supercede all others, as it requires

ONE-THIRD LESS FUEL

than other stoves and is more easily, quickly and regularly heated. No unpleasant smell of gas or arises from this stove from the fact that it is all consumed ere it can escape. There is no trouble from smoke as that unpleasant and often annoying exhalation is also consumed inside of the stove. Neither is there any danger of flues or chimneys becoming clogged with soot or the mortar loosened by the gas arising from coal fires.

Persons wishing to purchase stoves are invited to call at the store of the subscriber, in the Masonic Temple, and examine the above stoves. JOHN SHOEMAKER.

Sole Agent for Blair County.

N. B. All kinds of Air-tight, Parlor, Cooking and Egg Stoves on hand. [Aug. 12, 1856.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

SPRING GOODS
AT THE "MODEL."

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN unusually fine Stock of Goods suitable for the Season. No Auction trash, but regular good Goods at very low prices. We deem it unnecessary to parade the prices of a few articles in an advertisement, but only say that we can and will sell goods at as fair prices as any other house in the place. We have, as usual, a great variety of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

In this department we think we can say we have the best assortment to be found in the place, consisting in part of

Black and Fancy Silks, Poplins, Lustres, Morellas, Broche Mozambiques, Arabesques, Valencias, Grisailles, Galabreans, Challies, Delaines, Beleges, Lerettas, Brilliants, Ginghams, Lawns, Chintzs, Prints, and a full line of Domestic Dry Goods.

Also, Stella and Berege Anglais Shawls, Dusters, Hosiery, Gloves Collars and Cuffs, Magic Ruffling and a full stock of all kinds of notions and Fancy Goods. Umbrellas large and small. Boots and Shoes, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Window Shades, Wall Paper and Border, Wood and Willow Ware, Hardware, Queensware,

Childrens Fancy Gigs, &c., &c.

We have also on hands a very large and superior stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

at Greatly Reduced Prices. Sugars and Syrups by the barrel at a small advance.

☞ We take this occasion to return our sincere thanks to the people of Altoona and vicinity for the share of their patronage heretofore received, and invite them to drop in and see our new stock which we feel confident will please.

Altoona, April 19. J. & J. LOWTHER.

Stoves, Tin & Sheet Iorn Ware,
SPOUTING, &C.

S. RIGG WOULD RESPECTfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of *Cooking, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves*, of all styles and sizes, to suit the wants of all, which he will sell at low prices, on reasonable terms.

He also keeps on hand a large stock of *Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware*, consisting of all articles for culinary purposes—*Coal Scuttles, Stove Pipe, &c.*

He has also purchased the right of sale in Blair county, of R. V. JONES'

IMPROVED SAUSAGE STUFFER,

an invention which needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and should be possessed by every farmer, butcher or those requiring such a machine.

☞ Particular attention paid to putting up SPOUTING, either in town or country. Spouting painted and put up on the most reasonable terms. [april 14, 1859-1y

---

MORE GOOD NEWS!

The undersigned has just received from the East a large and varied assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting of

Cloths, Cassimeres, and VESTING,

material for

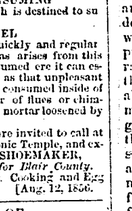
FINE AND COARSE

OVERCOATS,

material for

BOYS' CLOTHING,

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,



such as Undershirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Neck-ties, Handkerchiefs &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.

All work ordered will be made up in the very best style, according to the latest fashions, on short notice.

Nov. 1, 1860-tf THOMAS ELWAY.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBscriber would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.

Altoona, May 27, 1859.-1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property*, of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office with Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co. D. T. CALDWELL, *Agent.*

Jan. 27, '59-tf

LYCOMING COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned agent of the Lycoming Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.

Jan. 3, '56-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

FLOUR.—THE BEST QUALITY OF FAMILY FLOUR for sale, Wholesale and Retail—Apply to J. SHOEMAKER,

Dec. 11, 1856-tf. Masonic Temple.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPtions just received and for sale by

Oct. 18-tf] J. B. HILEMAN.

HOSTETTER'S
STOMACH BITTERS.

The proprietors and manufacturers of HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS can appeal with perfect confidence to physicians and citizens generally of the United States, because the article has attained a reputation heretofore unknown. A few facts upon this point will speak more powerfully than volumes of bare assertion or blazoning puffery. The consumption of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for the last year amounted to over a half-million bottles, and from its manifest steady increase in times past, it is evident that during the coming year the consumption will reach near one million bottles. This immense amount could never have been sold but for the rare medicinal properties contained in the preparation, and the sanction of the most prominent physicians in those sections of the country where the article is best known, who not only recommend the Bitters to their patients, but are ready at all times to give testimonials to its efficacy in all cases of stomachic derangements and the diseases resulting therefrom.

This is not a temporary popularity, obtained by extraordinary efforts in the way of trumpeting the qualities of the Bitters, but a solid estimation of an invaluable medicine, which is destined to be as enduring as time itself.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have proved a Godsend to regions where fever and ague and various other bilious complaints have counted their victims by hundreds. To be able to state confidently that the "Bitters" are a certain cure for the Dyspepsia and like diseases, is to the proprietors a source of unalloyed pleasure. It removes all morbid matter from the stomach, purifies the blood, and imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving it that tone and energy indispensable for the restoration of health. It operates upon the stomach, liver, and other digestive organs, mildly but powerfully, and soon restores them to a condition essential to the healthy discharge of the functions of nature.

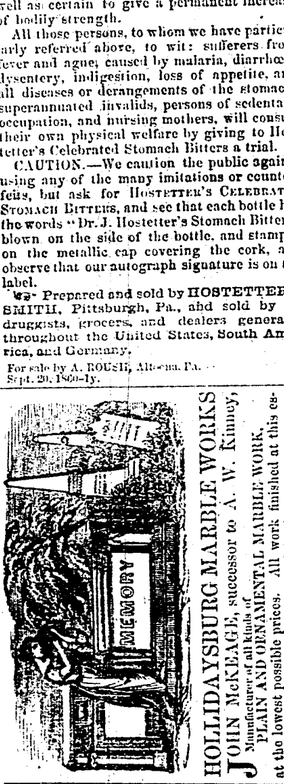
Elderly persons may use the Bitters daily as per directions on the bottle, and they will find in it a stimulant peculiarly adapted to comfort declining years, as it is pleasant to the palate, invigorating to the bowels, excellent as a tonic, and rejuvenating generally. We have the evidence of thousands of aged men and women who have experienced the benefit of using this preparation while suffering from stomachic derangements and general debility; acting under the advice of physicians, they have abandoned all deleterious drugs and fairly tested the merits of this article. A few words to the gentler sex. There are certain periods when their cares are so harassing that many of them sink under the trial. The relation of mother and child is so absorbingly tender, that the mother, especially if she be young, is apt to forget her own health in her extreme anxiety for her infant. Should the period of maternity arrive during the summer season, the wear of body and mind is generally aggravated. Here, then, is a necessity for a stimulant to recuperate the energies of the system, and enable the mother to bear up under her exhausting trials and responsibilities. Nursing mothers generally prefer the Bitters to all other invigorators that receive the endorsement of physicians, because it is agreeable to the taste as well as certain to give a permanent increase of bodily strength.

All those persons, to whom we have particularly referred above, to wit: sufferers from fever and ague, caused by malaria, diarrhœa, dysentery, indigestion, loss of appetite, and all diseases or derangements of the stomach, superannuated invalids, persons of sedentary occupation, and nursing mothers, will consult their own physical welfare by giving to Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters a trial.

CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

☞ Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, South America, and Germany.

For sale by A. ROUSH, Altoona, Pa. Sept. 29, 1860-1y.



HO! FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

THE UNDERSIGNED ANNOUNces to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has just received a large invoicee of

Fruit, Confectionaries, Nuts, Spices

and notions for children &c., expressly for the Holidays.

He will also keep always on hand a good stock of plain and fancy cakes, of his own manufacture.

LEMONS, PRUNES, RAISINS &C.,

always on hand at all seasons of the year.

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, Butter,

EGGS, GOOD WHITE WHEAT FLOUR,

BUCKWHET FLOUR, CORN MEAL, &C.,

always in store and for sale in large or small quantities.

Call, examine and price my stock and you will find it as good and cheap as any in town.

Dec. 20, '60-1y.] JACOB WISE.

WM. SCHOMAKER. WM. P. LANG.

SCHOMAKER & LANG,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, BACON,
Provisions, Cheese, Iron,
Nails, Glass, Brooms, Yarns, &c.

No. 303 Liberty Street,

Nov. 1-6m PITTSBURGH, PA.

BLAIR COUNTY DAGUERREAN ROOMS.—Mr. G. W. FISHER, the Hollidaysburg Artist, begs leave to inform our readers that he is prepared to take

Photographs of deceased persons,

from Daguerreotypes, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. He has just received a large stock of durable and neat cases, of all sizes and styles, including a new pattern of Family Case for four persons, and is prepared to fill them with perfect likenesses.

AMBROTYPE, DAGUERREOTYPE OR PHOTOGRAPH.

Give him a call. Rooms on the corner of Montgomery and Allegheny streets, Hollidaysburg, Pa. [June 17-tf.

HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, SHAVING, Paint, Sash and Varnish Brushes at

KESSLER'S.

WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT.
WM. FLINT!
WM. FLINT!
WM. FLINT!

No. 807 MARKET, No. 807 MARKET,
No. 807 MARKET, No. 807 MARKET,
No. 807 MARKET, No. 807 MARKET,
PHILADELPHIA,
PHILADELPHIA,
PHILADELPHIA,
PA.
PA.
PA.

TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE

$100,000 WORTH OF JEWELRY,

ALL FOR ONE DOLLAR EACH.

A Large and Splendid Assortment of Jewelry, consisting OF CHAINS, BRACELETS, CAMEO SETS, &c.

And all styles of French Plated Chains, Gold and Plated Jewelry.

We do not keep or sell any gilt, gift or galvanized goods. Ours is what are sold by the best Jewelers as *Gold Jewelry.*

We receive our goods from the best Gold Jewelry Manufacturers in the States,

WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.
WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.
WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.

The following is only a partial list of our immense stock:

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR
$1 EACH.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR $1.

Large Size and Splendid Cameo Sets, General Retail Prices,				$5 to $1
Do	do	Lava	do	10 to 3
Do	do	Carbuncle	do	8 to 3
Do Ladies' Enamelled and Coral			do	7 to 3
Do	do	and Carbuncle	do	7 to 3
Do	do	and Ruby	do	7 to 3
Do Gold Cluster Crape Setting sets			do	10 to 5
Do	do	do Vase do	do	10 to 5
Do	do	do Jet Sets,	do	5 to 2
Do	do	Black Mosaic	do	6 to 1
Do	do	Gold Stone Mosaic	do	6 to 1
Do	do	Calico Sets,	do	5 to 1
Do Ribbon Twists, with brilliants,			do	6 to 1
Do Bequet Sets, new style,			do	8 to 2
Do Enamelled Cluster do			do	10 to 5
Gold Thimbles,			do	3 to 1
Diamond Pointed Gold Pens and Cases,				3 to 1
½ doz. Silver Plated Spoons,				2 50
Silver Plated Mugs,				1 50

Over 1000 other different styles Ladies' Jewelry; Medallions, all styles, patterns and sizes; Lockets of every description; Gold Pens, 14 karet, with Silver Extension Holder; Gold Pencils, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, &c., &c.; Coral, Lava, Cameo and Band Bracelets; Gents' Vest Chains, warranted to wear for ten years without changing color, and will stand the acid—they are usually sold by Jewelers as solid gold chains—all made in Paris. You can take your choice for $1 each. Ladies' and Gents' Guard Chains $1 each, usually sold by Jewelers at from $3 to $20 each; Ladies' and Children's Neck Chains, beautiful patterns; Armlets, brilliant, enamelled and ruby settings; Crosses, plain and enamelled, for $1 each, retail prices from $5 to $20 each. Every style and variety of Jewelry and desirable goods for $1 each.

This sale at the above prices, will continue long enough to sell off our immense stock, which was purchased at a great Sacrifice from Manufacturers who have failed.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR $1 EACH.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

☞ HOW TO SEND MONEY—☜

1st. Write your name, place of Residence, County and State, *plain and distinct*, as we can make *nothing out of Dot marks.*

Seal all letters with WAX, as Envelopes sealed with gum or wafers can be easily opened—the contents taken out and re-sealed. Attend to this, and we will be responsible for your money.

INDUCEMENTS TO AGENTS.

Any person acting as Ag